DIURON 4L

LIQUID FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING FOR USE IN GRASS SEED CROPS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	%	6 BY WT.
Diuron: 3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylurea		40.7%
INERT INGREDIENTS:		
ТО	TAL	100.0%

Contains 4.0 Pounds of Diuron Per Gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.	
	 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. 	
	• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.	
	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing.	
CLOTHING:	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. 	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. 	
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.	
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration,	
	preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
	ntainer or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.	
You may also contac	ct PROSAR at 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

NET WEIGHT: ____ GALLON(S)

EPA Reg. No. 66222-54 EPA Est. No. 11603-IS-001



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ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Cover or incorporate spills.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. All applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the EPA registered label are to be followed. This labeling and the base label must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application. Personal Protective Equipment and Reentry Intervals on the basic label must be followed.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

RECOMMENDED USES GRASS SEED CROPS

(Perennial except where specifically indicated)

Except as noted, apply only to established plantings at least 1 year old.

Colorado, Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma: On sand bluestem, side oats grama, and switchgrass, apply 1.6 to 2.4 quarts per acre during the dormant period shortly before weed seedlings emerge. Do not apply after crop begins growth in the spring as crop injury may result. In fields where ash residues have accumulated from burning straw, use 2.4 quarts per acre. Spread unburned chaff or straw with a harrow or chopper before application.

Eastern Oregon, Eastern Washington: On perennial bluegrass and fescue, apply 0.8 to 2.4 quarts per acre as broadcast in enough diluent to get even distribution. Apply in spring before rapid of the crop begins and when the windgrass is still small (1- to 4-leaf). DO NOT use on coarse- (sandy-) textured soils.

Western Oregon, Western Washington: On alta fescue, Astoria bentgrass, Highland bentgrass, Kentucky bluegrass (Merion bluegrass), and orchardgrass, apply 1.6 to 3.2 quarts per acre between October 1 and November 15. In fields where ash residues have accumulated from burning straw, use 2.4 to 3.2 quarts per acre. Spread unburned chaff or straw with a harrow or chopper before application. If perennial velvetgrass (Holcus lanatus) is a problem, use 3.2 quarts per acre. For best results apply as soon as possible after fall rains start. Established weeds beyond the two- to four-leaf stage should be removed prior to treatment.

Well established vigorous stands of spring planted alta fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, and orchardgrass may be treated the following fall provided the crop is planted before April 1 and treatment is not applied before October 15; apply 1.6 quarts per acre.

Oregon and Washington: Apply in the fall to perennial ryegrass at the rate of 0.8 to 1.6 quarts per acre and to tall fescue at the rate of 1.6 to 3.2 quarts per acre. Use a sufficient volume of water (a minimum of 25 gallons per acre) for thorough coverage of weed foliage. For best results, make applications at the onset of the fall rains and before weeds have become established (typically October 1 through November 15). Established weeds beyond the 2- to 4-leaf stage should be removed prior to treatment.

Apply only to well established vigorous stands. Do not apply to perennial ryegrass stands less than one year old. Use mechanical agitation and avoid overlap of spray patterns. Weed control efficacy may be reduced in fields where ash residues have accumulated from burning straw.

Annual Ryegrass for the Creation of Rows: Apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts per acre as a directed or shielded spray so the intended crop row area is not treated. These applications should be made where excessive populations of annual ryegrass are anticipated to volunteer from previous crops. Applications can be made as a directed/shielded spray during seeding or after emergence of annual ryegrass. These applications generally will

occur between October 1 and January 15. Diuron 4L is most effective when applied before annual ryegrass volunteer plants have more than 2 leaves. If larger plants are to be treated, addition of a labeled postemergence herbicide will provide more effective control.

Adjust nozzle heights and spacing to allow the establishment of the desired row width (generally about 3 inches) and spacing (generally 9 to 12 inches). Use of low pressure nozzles, shielded nozzles, or drop nozzles to reduce spray movement in the intended crop row area is recommended.

Fine Fescue Grass Seed Crops (including chewings, creeping red, and hard fescue types): For the suppression of rattail fescue, apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts per acre on soils having at least 1% organic matter. Do not use on sand, loamy sand, gravelly soils, or exposed subsoils.

Crop Stage and Application Timing: Diuron 4L is recommended for use on healthy vigorous stands of fine fescue. Diuron 4L can be applied to stands established at least 1 year or to new plantings that have been established for at least 6 months and have a minimum of eight tillers at time of application.

Apply in the fall before grass weeds are beyond the one- to two-leaf stage and before broadleaf weeds are larger than 1- to 2-inches tall or across. Use the high end of the rate range for large weeds or where weed populations are high.

Approximately ½ to 1 inch of rainfall or sprinkler irrigation is needed to move Diuron 4L into the weed zone before weeds develop an established root system. Weeds larger than the size indicated or those having a well established root system before Diuron 4L is properly activated by rainfall/irrigation may not be adequately controlled.

Weed control may be reduced by heavy straw residues or ash from field burning.

Tank Mixes and Sequential Treatments: Diuron 4L can be applied either alone or in a program involving tank mixes and/or sequential treatments with other herbicides and adjuvants. When using a tank mix with other herbicides, use 0.8 to 1.2 quarts per acre unless prior experience indicates it is safe to use higher rates. Tank mixes with other herbicides can increase the risk of crop injury. When using a certain tank mix for the first time, limit use to a small area to determine safety before treating large areas.

Use Precautions:

Do not replant treated areas to any crop within 2 years of last application as injury to subsequent crops may result.

Do not apply to snow covered or frozen ground as injury to the crop or poor weed control may result.

Do not treat stands lacking in vigor due to poor fertility, environmental stress, insect or disease, or damage from other herbicides.

New Plantings-Oregon, Idaho, Washington: For use in newly planted bentgrass, chewings fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, orchardgrass, and tall fescue. During planting operation, spray a suitable brand of activated charcoal as a 1-inch band on soil surface at 15 pounds per acre of crop where row spacing is 20 inches (300 pounds per acre broadcast basis). Mount nozzles to apply directly over seed rows to prevent crop injury. Follow with Diuron 4L as a single broadcast spray at the rate of 2.0 to 2.4 quarts per acre. Apply as soon as possible after planting but before crops or weeds emerge and before rains or sprinkler irrigation. Fall or spring plantings may be treated. Best results usually occur with early fall plantings. Treatment will not control downy brome or wild oats.

PERENNIAL RYEGRASS, TALL FESCUE, KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, AND FINE FESCUE (Grown for Seed)

For control of certain broadleaf weeds and annual grasses apply this product only to well-established vigorous stands of grasses as directed below. Use sufficient water (a minimum of 25 gallons per acre) for thorough coverage of weed foliage. For best results, make application at the onset of fall rains and before weeds become established (typically October 1 through November 15). Weeds beyond the 2- to 4-leaf stage will usually not be controlled. Use higher rates within the range listed when treating larger weeds and heavier weed infestation. Weed control may be reduced where straw or ash residues have accumulated on the soil surface. Lack of moisture to activate the herbicide may reduce weed control. Tank mixtures or sequential treatments with other herbicides, do not use the maximum rates listed below unless compatibility and the potential for phytotoxicity have been evaluated. Crop tolerance may be reduced and the likelihood of crop injury may increase when crop is under stress caused by weather, diseases, and insects.

Perennial Ryegrass (Established)(Oregon Only): Apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts per acre per season (October 1 through mid-January) to control seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds such as annual bluegrass and others named on this label.

Tall Fescue (Established)(Oregon Only): Apply 1.6 to 3.2 quarts per acre per season (October 1 through mid-January) to control seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds such as rattail fescue and others named on this label.

Kentucky Bluegrass (Established stands east of the Cascade Mountains)(Oregon, Washington Only): Apply 1.2 to 2.4 quarts per acre per season (October 1 through mid-January) for suppression of rattail fescue and certain other seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds named on this label. Downy brome is not controlled. Do not use on *Poa trivialis* grass seed varieties.

Fine Fescue (Illahee, Rainier, Chewings, and related varieties including Hard Fescue)(Established stands west of the Cascade Mountains)(Oregon Only): Apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts per acre for suppression of rattail fescue and certain other seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds named on this label. Make only 1 application per year. Do not use this product more than two years in succession in the same field.

ESTABLISHED PERENNIAL BLUEGRASS (Grown for Seed)(Washington, Oregon, Idaho)

Broadcast 0.4 to 1 quart per acre in sufficient diluent to provide even distribution of product for weed suppression. Apply in the spring before rapid growth of bluegrass begins and when windgrass is still small (1- to 4-leaf). Do not use on coarse- (sandy-) textured soils.

Diuron 4L (66222-54)(EPA app 5-14-03)(supplemental for use on grass seed crops)