ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Thiophanate-methyl (dimethyl[1,2-phenylene)-bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[carbamate]* .......................................................... 41.3%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: .................................................................................................................................................. 58.7%
TOTAL: ........................................................................................................................................................................ 100.0%
Contains 4.11 pounds thiophanate-methyl per gallon.
*Also known as dimethyl 4,4'-o-phenylenebis[3-thioallophanate]

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION

IN CASE OF A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL FREE, DAY OR NIGHT 1-866-303-6950

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

See additional precautionary statements and Directions for Use in booklet. See First Aid statement on back panel.

EPA Reg. No. 8033-129-67760

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 Gallons

Manufactured for:
Cheminova, Inc.
P.O. Box 110566
One Park Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
### FIRST AID

| If on skin or clothing | • Take off contaminated clothing.  
| | • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.  
| | • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.  
| If swallowed | • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.  
| | • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.  
| | • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.  
| | • Do not give anything to an unconscious person.  

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-866-303-6950 for emergency medical treatment information.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**CAUTION**

Harmful if absorbed through the skin or if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are nitrile and butyl rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category C on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Handlers mixing, loading, and applying the product as a dip (including application of product in Kaolinite clay to conifer seedling roots) must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves,
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- Chemical-resistant apron.

All other mixers, loaders, and applicators must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Shoes plus socks,
- Chemical-resistant gloves,
- Chemical-resistant apron for mixers, loaders, and other handlers exposed to the concentrate.

#### USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

#### ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI).

Exemption: The Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

Do not enter or allow workers entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the directions for use associated with that crop.

Exemption: If this product is applied by drenching, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposures.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Apply CERCOBIN™ with ground or aerial equipment, using sufficient volume of spray to provide thorough coverage. Continuous agitation is required to keep the material in suspension. Cheminova, Inc. does not recommend tank mixes with highly alkaline pesticides, such as Bordeaux mixture or lime sulfur. No claim of compatibility with other pesticides is implied. Use the higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure. Also, see local State Extension Service recommendations for application schedules.

Use the fl. oz./Acre rate for concentrate sprays (less than 400 gallons on apples, less than 300 gallons on stone fruit). Use the fl. oz./100 gal. rate for dilute ground applications. For aerial applications, use a minimum of 5 gallons/A for row crops, and a minimum of 10 gallons/A for tree crops. For ground applications use a minimum of 20 gallons/A for row crops and 30 gallons/A for tree crops. Higher spray volume will generally result in better coverage and better disease control. Lack of control when using below minimum spray volumes is solely at the risk of the applicator/user, including use of electrostatic sprayers.

Chemigation instructions follow. Do not apply through any irrigation system unless these instructions are followed.

For crops without labeled uses of thiophanate-methyl, observe a 30-day plantback restriction.

Use on all labeled non-bearing tree fruit and tree nuts: CERCOBIN may be used for control of the diseases listed on the label for these crops during the non-bearing years of new plantings, and on nursery stock. All use directions and limitations must be followed, except for the PHI, which is not applicable. Begin applications as disease is first observed or expected. Tank mixing with a protectant fungicide is strongly recommended for resistance management.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

To avoid the development of tolerant or resistant strains of fungi, CERCOBIN should always be tank-mixed with a fungicide of different chemistry, and/or a fungicide of different chemistry should be alternated with CERCOBIN. DO NOT USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING THIABENDAZOLE OR OTHER PRODUCTS CONTAINING THIOPHANATE-METHYL IN COMBINATION, IN ROTATION, OR AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR CERCOBIN AS THEY ARE OF SIMILAR CHEMISTRY AND WILL CONTRIBUTE TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF RESISTANCE. If after using CERCOBIN as recommended, and the treatment is not effective, a tolerant or resistant strain of fungi may be present. Discontinue the use of CERCOBIN for at least one season. As long as these precautions are followed, CERCOBIN can be useful for disease control, even if resistant strains are present.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop/ Restrictions</th>
<th>Diseases</th>
<th>FL. OZ./ Acre</th>
<th>FL. OZ./ 100 Gal</th>
<th>Remarks/Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Almonds</strong></td>
<td>Brown Rot (Monilinia)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7</td>
<td></td>
<td>Apply as needed between pink bud and petal fall. CERCOBIN may be applied alone at pink bud for Brown Rot control. For all other applications, CERCOBIN should be applied with a contact fungicide for broad spectrum control and resistance management. Do not apply more than 65.4 fl. oz. of product (2.1 lbs a.i.)/A/year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blossom Blight (Monilinia)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Scab (Cladosporium)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jacket Rot (Monilinia, Sclerotinia, Botrytis)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leaf Blight (Seimatosporium)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Brown Rot</strong></td>
<td><strong>21.8-32.7</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Apply as needed between pink bud and petal fall. CERCOBIN may be applied alone at pink bud for Brown Rot control. For all other applications, CERCOBIN should be applied with a contact fungicide for broad spectrum control and resistance management. Do not apply more than 65.4 fl. oz. of product (2.1 lbs a.i.)/A/year.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Blossom Blight</strong> (Monilinia)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Scab</strong> (Cladosporium)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Jacket Rot</strong> (Monilinia, Sclerotinia, Botrytis)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Leaf Blight</strong> (Seimatosporium)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>21.8-32.7</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Apples</strong></td>
<td>Apple Scab (Venturia)</td>
<td>16.3-21.8</td>
<td>4.1-5.5</td>
<td>Apply at 5 to 10-day intervals from green tip through petal fall; continue at 7 to 14-day intervals in cover sprays. Do not apply more than 87.2 fl. oz. of product (2.8 lbs a.i.)/A/year. Pre-harvest interval: 1 day Follow resistance management guidelines under Directions for Use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black Pox* (Helminthosporium papulosum)</td>
<td>(in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Flyspeck (Zygophiala)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sooty Blotch (Gloeodes)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black Rot (Botryosphaeria obtusa)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brooks Fruit Spot (Mycosphaerella)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White Rot* (Botryosphaeria dothidia)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Apple Scab</strong> (Venturia)</td>
<td><strong>16.3-21.8</strong></td>
<td><strong>4.1-5.5</strong></td>
<td><strong>Apply at 5 to 10-day intervals from green tip through petal fall; continue at 7 to 14-day intervals in cover sprays. Do not apply more than 87.2 fl. oz. of product (2.8 lbs a.i.)/A/year. Pre-harvest interval: 1 day Follow resistance management guidelines under Directions for Use.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Black Pox</strong>* (Helminthosporium papulosum)</td>
<td><strong>16.3-21.8</strong></td>
<td><strong>4.1-5.5</strong></td>
<td><strong>Apply at 5 to 10-day intervals from green tip through petal fall; continue at 7 to 14-day intervals in cover sprays. Do not apply more than 87.2 fl. oz. of product (2.8 lbs a.i.)/A/year. Pre-harvest interval: 1 day Follow resistance management guidelines under Directions for Use.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Flyspeck</strong> (Zygophiala)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Powdery Mildew</strong> (Podosphaera)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Sooty Blotch</strong> (Gloeodes)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Black Rot</strong> (Botryosphaeria obtusa)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Brooks Fruit Spot</strong> (Mycosphaerella)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>White Rot</strong>* (Botryosphaeria dothidia)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>16.3-21.8</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Pre-Harvest Use to Control Post-Harvest Diseases on Apples**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diseases</th>
<th>FL. OZ./ Acre</th>
<th>FL. OZ./ 100 Gal</th>
<th>Remarks/Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Storage Rot</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>4.1-5.5</td>
<td>Apply as a pre-harvest spray within 2 weeks to 3 days of harvest. Thorough coverage of the fruit is required. Application closer to harvest may provide better efficacy. For resistance management, do not use a benzimidazole fungicide post-harvest following CERCOBIN pre-harvest application. Application of a non-benzimidazole post-harvest fungicide will provide additional protection from post-harvest diseases. Do not apply more than 87.2 fl. oz. of product (2.8 lbs a.i.)/A/year. Pre-harvest interval: 1 day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue Mold (Penicillium expansum)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray Mold (Botrytis cinerea)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulls-Eye Rot (Neofabraea spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crop/ Restrictions</td>
<td>Diseases</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ Acre</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ 100 Gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Beans, dry and succulent</strong> Including: Lima bean Snap bean Kidney bean Mung bean Navy bean Pinto bean Wax bean Broad bean Fava bean Asparagus bean Blackeyed pea Cowpea Sweet lupine White lupine White Sweet lupine Grain lupine Chick pea Garbanzo bean</td>
<td>White Mold <em>(Sclerotinia)</em> Gray Mold <em>(Botrytis)</em> Anthracnose <em>(Colletotrichum)</em></td>
<td>32.7-43.6</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cucurbits</strong> Cantaloupe Casaba Cucumbers Melons Pumpkins Summer and Winter Squash Watermelons</td>
<td><strong>General Information</strong></td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acremonium/ Cephalosporium</strong> Hypocotyl Rot</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthracnose* <em>(Colletotrichum)</em> Gummy Stem Blight* <em>(Didymella)</em> Powdery Mildew <em>(Erysiphe, Sphaerotheca)</em> Target Spot* <em>(Corynespora)</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belly Rots* <em>(Rhizoctonia, Fusarium)</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppression of Vine Decline <em>(Monosporascus)</em> Charcoal Rot <em>(Macrophomina)</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crop/ Restrictions</td>
<td>Diseases</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ Acre</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ 100 Gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Garlic</strong></td>
<td>Penicillium Clove Rot</td>
<td>21.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Onions</strong>&lt;br&gt;(In furrow)&lt;br&gt;Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 3 days.</td>
<td>White Rot&lt;br&gt;(Sclerotium cepivorum)</td>
<td>43.6 broadcast</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Peanuts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.</td>
<td>Early Leaf Spot&lt;br&gt;(Cercospora)&lt;br&gt;Late Leaf Spot&lt;br&gt;(Cercosporidium)&lt;br&gt;Rust&lt;br&gt;(Puccinia)&lt;br&gt;Limb Rot&lt;br&gt;(Rhizoctonia)&lt;br&gt;Web Blotch&lt;br&gt;(Ascochyta)</td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pecans</strong>&lt;br&gt;Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 3 days.</td>
<td>Brown Spot&lt;br&gt;(Cercospora)&lt;br&gt;Downy Spot&lt;br&gt;(Mycosphaerella)&lt;br&gt;Liver Spot&lt;br&gt;(Gnomonia)&lt;br&gt;Powdery Mildew&lt;br&gt;(Microsphaera)&lt;br&gt;Scab&lt;br&gt;(Fusicladium)&lt;br&gt;Stem End Blight&lt;br&gt;(Botryosphaeria)&lt;br&gt;Zonate Leaf Spot&lt;br&gt;(Cristulariella)</td>
<td>21.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pistachios</strong>&lt;br&gt;Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 3 days.</td>
<td>Shoot Blight&lt;br&gt;(Botrytis, Botryosphaeria)</td>
<td>32.7-43.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crop/Restrictions</td>
<td>Diseases</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ Acre</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ 100 Gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Potatoes</strong></td>
<td>White Mold <em>(Sclerotinia sclerotiorum)</em></td>
<td>21.8-32.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Soybeans</strong></td>
<td>General Information</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White Mold <em>(Sclerotinia)</em></td>
<td>16.3-21.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aerial Blight (suppression)</td>
<td>21.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stone Fruit</strong></td>
<td>General Information</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Apricots</td>
<td>21.8-32.7 (in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td>7.3-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crop/ Restrictions</td>
<td>Diseases</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ Acre</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ 100 Gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cherries</strong></td>
<td>Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot (Monilinia)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7 (in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td>7.3-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cherry Leaf Spot (Coccomyces)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7</td>
<td>8.2-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera, Sphaerotheca)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7 (in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td>7.3-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nectarines</strong></td>
<td>Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot (Monilinia)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7 (in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td>7.3-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Peaches</strong></td>
<td>Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot (Monilinia)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7 (in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td>7.3-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Peach Scab (Cladosporium)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7 (in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td>7.3-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Plums and Prunes</strong></td>
<td>Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot (Monilinia)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7 (in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td>7.3-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black Knot (Dibotryon)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7 (in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td>7.3-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leaf Spot (Coccomyces)</td>
<td>21.8-32.7 (in CA use 32.7)</td>
<td>7.3-10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crop/ Restrictions</td>
<td>Diseases</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ Acre</td>
<td>FL. OZ./ 100 Gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Strawberries</strong></td>
<td>Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Crown Rot* (Colletotrichum spp.)</td>
<td>16.3-21.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Suppression only</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fruit Rot (Botrytis)</td>
<td>16.3-21.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leaf Blight (Dendrophoma)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leaf Scorch (Diplocarpon)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Powdery Mildew (Sphaerotheca)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sugar Beets</strong></td>
<td>Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cercospora Leaf Spot (Cercospora)</td>
<td>10.9-21.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe)</td>
<td>10.9-21.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Triticale and Fall-seeded Wheat</strong></td>
<td>For this use in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington ONLY Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.</td>
<td>Foot Rot, Strawbreaker, Eye Spot (Pseudocercosporella)</td>
<td>21.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Not for this use in California

NOTE: Dilute sprays are not to exceed maximum rate per acre.
### DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON CONIFERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Diseases</th>
<th>Rate (lb/A), Minimum Gallonage</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Pine) Austrian Red Scots Christmas Trees</td>
<td>Conifers</td>
<td>Tip Blight (&lt;i&gt;Diplodia&lt;/i&gt;)</td>
<td>21.8 fl. oz. per 100 gal./A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Fir) Douglas Longleaf</td>
<td>Conifers</td>
<td>Swiss Needle Cast (&lt;i&gt;Phaeocryptopus&lt;/i&gt;) Rhodocline Needle Cast</td>
<td>21.8 fl. oz. per 50 gal./A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Add a spreader/sticker to improve coverage.
- Use minimum gallonage with mist-blower types of sprayers and higher gallonage with conventional sprayers.
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
- Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE THROUGH CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS

**USE IN CALIFORNIA BY CHEMIGATION ONLY FOR BEANS, CUCURBITS (CANTALOPE, CASABA, CUCUMBERS, MELONS, PUMPKINS, SQUASH, WATERMELONS), PEANUTS, POTATOES, SOYBEANS, STRAWBERRIES, AND SUGAR BEETS.**

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set or hand move; or drip (mini–micro sprinklers, strip tubing, trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect chemigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide irrigation to any public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. Public water system means a system for the provision of piped water for human consumption if such a system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

### SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Diseases</th>
<th>Rate (lb/A), Minimum Gallonage</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conifers (seeding treatment) Longleaf</td>
<td>Brown Needle Blight (&lt;i&gt;Scirrhia&lt;/i&gt;)</td>
<td>1.4 fl. oz. product per 9.5 oz. dry Kaolinite clay for seedling roots</td>
<td>Wet seedling roots in clean water, then apply CERCOBIN/Kaolinite mixture to wet roots. Do not apply mixture to seedling foliage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lobolly Longleaf Slash</td>
<td>Fusarium and Rhizoctonia Root Rot</td>
<td>2.7 fl. oz. product per 50 oz. Kaolinite clay, plus enough water to make a slurry</td>
<td>Thoroughly cover seedling roots with CERCOBIN/Kaolinite slurry. Do not apply mixture to seedling foliage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- During treatment avoid excessive drying of roots or exposure to temperatures greater than 90 °F or less than 32 °F.
- CERCOBIN does not control Pythium or Phytophthora.
- Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.
the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

**APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Observe the requirements in the System Requirements section above.

**Apply CERCObIN only through systems containing anti-syphon and check valves designed to prevent water source contamination or overflow of the mix tank and containing interlocking controls between the metering device and the water pump to insure simultaneous shut-off.**

Maintain a gentle continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute suspension per unit time. Application of more than recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connections or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product cannot be flushed and must be dismantled and drained. In a center pivot system, block the nozzle set nearest the well/pivot/injection unit to prevent spray being applied to this area.

Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable disease control may result.

**CERCObIN** may be applied in conjunction with chemically neutral liquid fertilizers. Application in conjunction with highly alkaline fertilizers, such as aqueous ammonia, is likely to cause a degradation of the pesticide, resulting in reduced performance and should be avoided.

**SPRAY PREPARATION:**

Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Prepare a suspension of CERCObIN in a mix tank. Fill the tank with ½ or ¾ the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Slowly add the required amount of CERCObIN and then the remaining volume of water.

**Sprinkler Irrigation - Notes**

Observe all System Requirements and Application Instructions above.

Set sprinkler system to deliver a maximum of 0.4 inch of water per acre. Volumes of water higher than this may reduce efficacy. Start sprinkler and then uniformly inject the suspension of CERCObIN into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension of CERCObIN should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. When treatment with CERCObIN has been completed, do not irrigate the treated area for 24 to 48 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Where sprinkler distributed patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable disease control may result.

Check local restrictions and requirements regarding sprinkler irrigation applications, as they may vary from state to state.

**Drip (Mini-Micro Sprinklers, Strip Tubing, Trickle) Irrigation - Notes**

Observe all System Requirements and Application Instructions above.

A pesticide supply tank is recommended.
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in the original container in a dry area. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. If spilled during storage or handling, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal Instructions listed below.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

For containers ≤ 5 gallons:
Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Cheminova, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent allowable by applicable laws Cheminova, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Cheminova, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent allowable by applicable laws Cheminova, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent allowable by applicable laws the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid, or at Cheminova, Inc.’s election, the replacement of product.

CERCObIN is a trademark of Nippon Soda Co., Ltd. And used under agreement by Cheminova, Inc.

Ceminova, Inc.
P.O. Box 110566
One Park Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
**CERCOBIN™ FUNGICIDE**

**GROUP 1 FUNGICIDE**

---

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**
Thiophanate-methyl (dimethyl[1,2-phenylene]-bisiminocarbonothioyl]bis[carbamate])

**OTHER INGREDIENTS:**

**TOTAL:**

Contains 4.11 pounds thiophanate-methyl per gallon.

*Also known as dimethyl 4,4'-o-phenylenebis[3-thioallophanate]

---

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**CAUTION**

**Keep out of reach of children**

**Caution**

**In case of a medical emergency involving this product, call toll free, day or night 1-866-303-6950**

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

See additional precautionary statements and Directions for Use in booklet.

---

**FIRST AID**

**If on skin or clothing**

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If swallowed**

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-866-303-6950 for emergency medical treatment information.

---

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are nitrile and butyl rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category C on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Handlers mixing, loading, and applying the product as a dip (including application of product in kaolinite clay to conifer seedling roots) must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, Chemical-resistant gloves, Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, Chemical-resistant apron.

All other mixers, loaders, and applicators must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, Shoes plus socks, Chemical-resistant gloves, Chemical-resistant apron for mixers, loaders, and other handlers exposed to the concentrate.

---

**USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS**

Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product’s concentrate. Do not reuse them.

---

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

When handlers use enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

---

**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

---

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, to or areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

---

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in the original container in a dry area. Do not store in a manner where cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. If spilled during storage or handling, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal Instructions listed below.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

For containers ≤ 5 gallons:
Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

---

**P.O. Box 110566**

**Research Triangle Park, NC 27709**

**Helping you grow**

---

**EPA Reg. No. 8033-129-67760**

**EPA Est. No. 39578-TX-1**

**NET CONTENTS: 2.5 Gallons**

10029961 02272014base