For aquatic plant control in quiescent, slow moving, and flowing water aquatic sites.

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**
Dipotassium salt of endothall* ................................................................. 40.3%

**OTHER INGREDIENTS:** ........................................................................ 59.7%

**TOTAL** .................................................................................................. 100.0%

Contains 4.23 lbs. dipotassium endothall* per gallon

*7-oxabicyclo [2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid equivalent 28.6%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

DANGER  PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**FIRST AID**

**IF IN EYES:**
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF SWALLOWED:**
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:**
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF INHALED:**
- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**HOT LINE NUMBER:** Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 866-673-6671 (Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center) for emergency medical treatment information.

See inside for additional precautionary statements.

**NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:** Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression, and convulsion may be needed.

EPA Registration No. 70506-176
Batch/Lot No.: __________________________

Net Contents: ____________________________

**United Phosphorus, Inc.**
630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406
1-800-438-6071
**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**DANGER**

CORROSIVE. CAUSES IRREVERSIBLE EYE DAMAGE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. DO NOT GET IN EYES, ON SKIN, OR ON CLOTHING. AVOID BREATHING VAPORS OR SPRAY MIST. PROLONGED OR FREQUENTLY REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC REACTIONS IN SOME INDIVIDUALS.

**Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Shoes and socks,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Protective eyewear,
- NIOSH-approved respirator with a dust/mist filter with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or any N, R, P, or HE filter.

Exception: During application, the respirator need not be worn, provided that the pesticide is applied in a manner (such as direct metering or subsurface application from the rear of a vessel that is moving into the wind) such that the applicator will have no contact with the pesticide.

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

**User Safety Requirements:**

Follow the manufacturers’ instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product’s concentrate. Do not reuse them.

**Engineering Controls:**

When mixers and loaders use a closed system designed by the manufacturer to enclose the pesticide to prevent it from contacting handlers or other people AND the system is functioning properly and is used and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers written operating instructions, the handlers need not wear a respirator, provided the required respirator is immediately available for use in an emergency such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

**User Safety Recommendations**

User should:

- Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters.

This pesticide is toxic to mammals.

Treatment of aquatic plants can result in oxygen loss from decomposition of dead plants. This loss can cause fish suffocation. Water bodies containing very high plant density should be treated in sections to prevent suffocation of fish.

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Aquathol K is a liquid concentrate soluble in water which is effective against a broad range of aquatic plants. Dosage rates indicated for the application of Aquathol K are measured in parts per million (ppm) of dipotassium endothall.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift.

- Phytoxicity is not expected on plants or crops irrigated with Aquathol K treated water, however, all species and cultivars (varieties) have not been tested.
- Undiluted Aquathol K may be injurious to crops, grass, ornamentals, and other foliage.
- Do not use Aquathol K treated water for chemigation as interactions between Aquathol K and other pesticides and fertilizers are not known.
- Do not use Aquathol K in brackish or saltwater.
- Wash out spray equipment with water after each operation.
- Contact of spray concentrate (product) directly or by drift with non-target plants or crops may result in injury.
- United Phosphorus, Inc. recommends not reducing Aquathol K rates below those specified within this label, when using Aquathol K in a treatment combination, or as a tank mix, with product(s) containing ALS inhibitor active ingredients, unless specified otherwise on this label or a United Phosphorus, Inc. supplemental label.

**HOW TO APPLY:**

Aquathol K is a contact herbicide; consequently, apply when target plants are present.

Aquathol K may be sprayed on the water or injected below the water surface. It may be applied as a concentrate or diluted with water depending on the equipment.

In instances where the plant(s) to be controlled is an exposed surface problem (i.e., some of the broad-leaved pond weeds), coverage is important. For best results, apply the concentrate with the least amount of water compatible with the application equipment.

**Drinking Water (Potable Water)**

Consult with appropriate state or local water authorities before applying this product to public waters. State or local agencies may require permits.

The drinking water (potable water) restrictions on this label are to ensure that consumption of water by the public is allowed only when the concentration of endothall acid in the water is less than the MCL (Maximum Contamination Level) of 0.1 ppm. Applicators must consider
the unique characteristics of the treated waters to assure that endothall acid concentrations in potable drinking water do not exceed 0.1 ppm at the time of consumption.

For Lakes, Ponds, and other Quiescent Water Bodies:
• For Aquathol K applications, the drinking water setback distance from functioning potable water intakes in the treated water body must be greater than or equal to 600 feet.
• Note: Existing potable water intakes that are no longer in use, such as those replaced by a connection to a municipal water system or a potable water well, are not considered to be functioning potable water intakes.

For Flowing Water Bodies:
• Applicator is responsible to assure that treated water exceeding the MCL of 0.1 ppm does not enter potable water intakes. For Aquathol K applications, potable water intakes must be closed when treated water exceeding the MCL of 0.1 ppm is present at the intake. In the event the water intake cannot be closed (when treated water will exceed 0.1 ppm), treatments must only be made downstream from the intake in order to assure Aquathol K treated water above 0.1 ppm does not enter the potable water system.

### QUIESCENT OR SLOW MOVING WATER TREATMENTS:
**SURFACE OR INJECTED APPLICATIONS**

For aquatic plant control in quiescent or slow moving water, Aquathol K use rates can be found in the following chart. Since the active ingredient is water soluble and tends to diffuse from the treated area, select the dosage rate applicable to the area to be treated. Marginal treatments of large bodies of water require higher rates as indicated.

Use higher labeled rates of Aquathol K when making treatments to small areas with an increased potential for rapid dilution or when treating narrow areas such as boat lanes or shoreline treatments where dilution may reduce the exposure of plants to Aquathol K.

Use lower labeled rates of Aquathol K for large contiguous treatment blocks or in protected areas such as coves where reduced water movement will not result in rapid dilution of Aquathol K from the target treatment area or when treating entire lakes or ponds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aquatic Plant</th>
<th>APPLICATION RATE</th>
<th>Entire Pond/Lake or Large Area Treatment</th>
<th>Spot or Lake Margin Treatment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ppm Dipotassium Endothall</td>
<td>gallons Aquathol K per Acre Ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocnut, <em>Ceratophyllum</em> spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
<td>1.3-1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horned Pondweed, <em>Zannichellia palustris</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
<td>1.3-1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sago Pondweed, <em>Stuckenia pectinata</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.0-2.0</td>
<td>0.6-1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrilla, <em>Hydrilla verticillata</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.0-4.0</td>
<td>0.6-2.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygrophiла*, <em>Hygrophiла polysperma</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>4.0-5.0</td>
<td>2.6-3.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milfoil, <em>Myriophyllum</em> spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
<td>1.3-1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naiad, <em>Najas</em> spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-4.0</td>
<td>1.3-2.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pondweed, <em>Potamogeton</em> spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.75-3.0</td>
<td>0.45-1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Including:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American, <em>P. nodosus</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
<td>1.3-1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Largeleaf (Bass Weed), <em>P. amplifolius</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
<td>1.3-1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curlyleaf, <em>P. crispus</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.75-1.5</td>
<td>0.45-1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flatstem, <em>P. zosteriformis</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
<td>1.3-1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floating-leaf, <em>P. natans</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.0-2.0</td>
<td>0.6-1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois, <em>P. Illinoensis</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.5-2.5</td>
<td>1.0-1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Narrowleaf, <em>P. pusillus</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.0-2.0</td>
<td>0.6-1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threadleaf, <em>P. filiformis</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
<td>1.3-1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Leaf, <em>P. diversifolius</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.0-2.0</td>
<td>0.6-1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parrotfeather, <em>Myriophyllum aquaticum</em></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
<td>1.3-1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Stargrass, <em>Heteranthera</em> spp.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0-3.0</td>
<td>1.3-1.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Suppression only
PONDS AND SMALL LAKES WITH LITTLE TO NO OUTFLOW

The following directions are intended for ponds and small lakes with minimal outflows to assure adequate contact time with the weeds.

Apply Aquathol K directly to the perimeter or in multiple locations around the perimeter of the water body.

This will allow for rapid mixing throughout the water body as well as the water column.

For best results, apply in early spring when weeds are actively growing with a minimum of 24 hours contact time.

Apply Aquathol K at the following rate: PLANTS CONTROLLED AND AQUATHOL K DOSAGE RATES FOR SURFACE OR INJECTED APPLICATION IN PONDS AND SMALL LAKES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aquatic Plant</th>
<th>Application Rate</th>
<th>Concentration (ppm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coontail (Ceratophyllum spp.)</td>
<td>1.25 gallons Aquathol K per acre ft.</td>
<td>2.0 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horned Pondweed (Zannichellia palustris)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sago Pondweed (Stuckenia pectinata)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrilla (Hydrilla verticillata)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milfoil (Myriophyllum spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parrotfeather (Myriophyllum aquaticum)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Stargrass (Heteranthera spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naiad (Najas spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pondweed (Potamogeton spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following chart exemplifies the quantity of Aquathol K to be applied.

Examples of Aquathol K required for Treatment, Average Depth 4 ft. (2 ppm)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount of Aquathol K to Treat 1/2 Acre</th>
<th>Amount of Aquathol K to Treat 1 Acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.5 gallons</td>
<td>5.0 gallons</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following charts indicate the quantity of Aquathol K to be applied.

Gallons of Aquathol K to Treat One Acre-Foot of Water

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate (ppm)</th>
<th>0.75</th>
<th>1.0</th>
<th>1.5</th>
<th>2.0</th>
<th>3.0</th>
<th>4.0</th>
<th>5.0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 acre ft.</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>3.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fluid Ounces of Aquathol K to Treat 1,000 Square-Feet per Foot of Depth

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate (ppm)</th>
<th>0.75</th>
<th>1.0</th>
<th>1.5</th>
<th>2.0</th>
<th>3.0</th>
<th>4.0</th>
<th>5.0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,000 ft.²</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>9.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FLOWING WATER TREATMENTS (WITH THE EXCEPTION OF IRRIGATION CANALS):

DRIP OR METERING SYSTEM APPLICATIONS

For aquatic plant control in flowing water, Aquathol K use rates can be found in the following chart. Apply Aquathol K in a manner to achieve the desired rate and adequate mixing so product is distributed throughout the entire water column. Adequate concentration (rate) and exposure time (length of treatment) will impact Aquathol K efficacy on the target plant species. Although Aquathol K is a contact herbicide adequate exposure time is critical. The following rate chart has been developed based on Concentration Exposure Time (CET) data for Aquathol K. The CET concept allows rates and the length of exposure to be adjusted for different treatment scenarios.

AQUATHOL K APPLICATION RATES FOR DRIP OR METERING APPLICATION SYSTEMS IN FLOWING WATER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plant Species</th>
<th>Length of Treatment (hours)</th>
<th>Rate (ppm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pondweeds (Potamogeton spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sago Pondweed (Stuckenia pectinata)</td>
<td>4.0-5.0</td>
<td>3.0-4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milfoil (Myriophyllum spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parrotfeather (Myriophyllum aquaticum)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coontail (Ceratophyllum spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horned pondweed (Zannichellia spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrilla (Hydrilla verticillata)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naiad (Najas spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Stargrass (Heteranthera spp.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: Hygrophila (Hygrophila polysperma) may be suppressed at the higher application rates listed in this table.

Restriction for flowing waters used for irrigation of food crops: Do not apply more than 30 ppm per growing season, not to exceed 5 ppm per application. Do not apply more than a total of 5 ppm within a 7-day interval.

Note: There is no Pre-harvest Interval (PHI) for crops irrigated with treated water.

To calculate the amount of Aquathol K required for a particular treatment use the following formula:

\[
\text{Gallons of Aquathol K Needed for Treatment} = \text{Cubic Feet per Second (CFS)} \times \text{Length of Treatment (hrs.)} \times \text{Rate (ppm)} \times 0.052947
\]

To calculate the amount of Aquathol K to be applied per hour use the following formula:

\[
\text{Gallons of Aquathol K per Hour} = \frac{\text{Total Gallons of Aquathol K Needed for Treatment}}{\text{Length of Treatment (hrs.)}}
\]
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in the original container. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. Storage at temperatures below 32°F may result in the product freezing or crystallizing. Should this occur the product must be warmed to 50°F or higher and thoroughly agitated. In the event of a spill during handling or storage, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal Instructions listed below.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**Container Handling:**

*for Nonrefillable containers*

**Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.** Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

*for containers 5 gallons or less:*

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Or

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

*for containers more than 5 gallons:*

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Or

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

*for Refillable containers*

**Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not use this container for any other purpose.** Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

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**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS**

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

MEDICAL: (866) 673-6671 Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center
IMPORTANT INFORMATION
READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests, and must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller. Handling, storage, and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ON THIS LABEL.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product and THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and limitations of warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by the duly authorized representative of United Phosphorus, Inc.

Aquathol is a registered trademark of United Phosphorus, Inc.

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