INTENDED FOR AGRICULTURAL OR COMMERCIAL USE

EPA Reg. No. 279-3241       EPA Est. 279-IL-1

Active Ingredient: Carfentrazone-ethyl ........................................... 22.3%  
Other Ingredients .......................................................... 77.7%  
Total ........................................................................ 100.0%

This product contains 2.0 pounds active ingredient per gallon. 
Contains Petroleum Distillates

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID
If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

HOTLINE NUMBER
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-331-3148 for emergency medical treatment information.

Note to Physician: Carfentrazone-ethyl is expected to have low oral and dermal toxicity, and moderate inhalation toxicity. It is expected to be slightly irritating to the skin and minimally irritating to the eyes. Treatment is otherwise controlled removal of exposure followed by symptomatic and supportive care.

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT MADE IN CHINA, FORMULATED AND PACKAGED IN USA.

FMC Corporation  
2929 Walnut Street  
Philadelphia, PA 19104  

Net Contents: 1 Quart  
05-02-17

GROUP E HERBICIDE

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)  
Caution  
Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)  
Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks.

User Safety Requirements  
Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations  
• Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
• Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
• Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS  
Carfentrazone-ethyl is very toxic to algae and moderately toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the high water mark, except as specified in this label. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

For ground water:
“Residues of this chemical have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. Residues of this chemical may leach into ground water if the chemical is used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.”

For surface water:
“This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of carfentrazone-ethyl residues from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.”

Physical/Chemical Hazards  
Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Long sleeve shirt and pants, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Re-entry Statement: Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment area until spray has dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Not for use or storage in or around the home. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original container only. Store in a cool and dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put formulated or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by inappropriate storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out unprotected persons and animals. Call CHEMTREC (Transportation and spills): (800) 424-9300.

To confine spill: Dig surrounding area, sweep up spillage. Dispose of in accordance with information given under Pesticide Disposal. Wash spill area with water, absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay, sweep up and dispose of in an approved manner. Place damaged container in a larger holding container. Identify contents per required hazardous waste labeling regulations.

Pesticide Disposal

Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: (For containers greater than 5 gallons) Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side, roll it back at least 3 feet, ensuring at least a 30 minute exposure solution for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinseate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure for two more times for containers 5 gallons or less then empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinseate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinseate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of as a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Returnable/Refillable Containers - Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinseate into application equipment or rinseate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. If unable to return or refill, offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of as a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

AIM EC is an emulsifiable concentrate formulation. AIM EC is to be mixed with water, liquid fertilizer or mixtures of water and liquid fertilizer and adjuvants and applied to labeled crops and non-crop areas for selective postemergence control of broadleaf weeds, for sucker control, for burndown prior to planting, as a harvest aid and to defoliate/desiccate labeled crops.

Weed control is optimized when the product is applied to actively growing weeds. AIM EC is a contact herbicide. Within a few hours following application, the foliage of susceptible weeds show signs of desiccation. Extremes in environmental conditions such as temperature, moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of AIM EC. Herbicide symptoms may be accelerated under moist conditions. Weed control may be reduced when weeds are weakened off by drought and become less susceptible to AIM EC.

AIM EC is rapidly absorbed through the foliage of plants. To avoid significant crop response, applications should not be made within 6 to 8 hours of either rain or irrigation or when heavy dew is present on the crop. Environmental conditions and certain spray tank additives may increase herbicidal symptoms on the crop.

TANK MIXTURES

AIM EC may be tank-mixed with other registered herbicides for controlling a broader spectrum of weeds. Refer to this and other product’s labels for mixing instructions. Refer to label and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank mix partner. When preparing a new tank mix, conduct an appropriate compatibility test by mixing proportional amounts of all spray ingredients in a test vessel (jar) prior to tank mixing with other products. Shake the mixture vigorously and allow...
it to stand for five to ten minutes. Rapid precipitation of the ingredients and failure to re-suspend when shaken indicates that the mixture is incompatible and should not be applied. Provided the jar test indicates the mixture to be compatible, prepare the tank mixture as follows: Fill the tank with four-fifths of water. With the agitator operating, add the recommended amounts of ingredients using the following order: dry granules first and liquid suspensions (flowables) second. As the agitation continues and the tank is filled with water add emulsifiable concentrate products third followed by the addition of water soluble products.

ADJUVANT USE REQUIREMENTS

The use of a quality spray adjuvant is required for optimum performance. Refer to the individual crop recommendation sections of this label for specific adjuvant type and use rates.

ON-FARM TESTING

Not all varieties or cultivars of labeled crops have been fully evaluated under all environmental and soil conditions. Consult with your local seed company for additional information.

It may also be beneficial to conduct small on-farm trials under actual conditions with specific varieties or cultivars before treating large acreage.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Mixing and Loading Instructions:

Start by filling the tank with ¾ of the desired volume of clean water and, with agitation, add the proper amount of AIM EC. Complete filling the spray tank and start to operate the agitator. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep materials in solution during both mixing and application and until the spray tank has been emptied. For tank mixtures, follow your local extension guidelines for mixing order. General guidelines are: add dry materials first, agitate and then add mixed; then add EW or water soluble liquids; then EC formulations; then, add adjuvants last. Ensure the compatibility of other products and/or liquid fertilizers with AIM EC before mixing them together in the spray tank.

Mixing Precautions

Avoid over-night storage of AIM EC spray mixtures. If spray solution is stored overnight or longer, thoroughly agitate spray mixture before applying the solution. Premixing AIM EC spray solutions in nurse tanks is not recommended. Maintain continuous and adequate spray solution agitation until all the spray solution has been used. Do not use with tank additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 5 or above pH 8. Buffer spray solutions if necessary to maintain the pH between 5-8. Do not mix any chlorpyrifos containing insecticide in postemergence applications as crop injury can occur.

SPRAY EQUIPMENT CLEAN-OUT

Many pesticides are very active at low rates, especially to sensitive crops. Residues left in mixing equipment, spray tanks, hoses, spray booms and nozzles can cause crop effects if they are not properly cleaned. As soon as possible after spraying AIM EC and before using the sprayer equipment for any other applications, the sprayer equipment must be thoroughly cleaned using the following procedure. In addition, users must take appropriate steps to ensure proper equipment clean-out for any other products mixed with AIM EC as required on the other product labels. More complete cleaning can be achieved if the sprayer is cleaned immediately following the application.

1. Drain sprayer tank, hoses, spray boom and spray nozzles. Use a high-pressure detergent wash to remove physical sediment and residues from the inside of the spray tank and thoroughly rinse. Then, thoroughly flush spray boom, spray sprays and spray nozzles with a clean water rinse. Remove and clean spray tip and all filters and screens (tank, spray hose and spray tips) separately in the ammonia solution of Step 2.
2. Next, prepare a sprayer cleaning solution by adding three gallons of finished spray per acre. Spray volumes greater than 3 GPA may be needed for harvest aid and defoliation treatments, or for dense weed populations or with dense crop canopies.
3. Convenient and thorough cleaning of the sprayer can be achieved if the ammonia solution or fresh water is left in the spray tank, hoses, spray booms and spray nozzles overnight or for any extended period of time.
4. Before using the sprayer, completely drain the spray system. Rinse the tank with clean water and flush through the hoses, spray boom, and spray nozzles with clean water.
5. Properly dispose of all cleaning solution and rinseate in accordance with Federal, State and local regulations.

Do not apply sprayer cleaning solutions or rinseate to sensitive crops. Do not store the sprayer overnight or for any extended period of time with AIM EC spray solution remaining in the tank, spray lines, spray boom plumbing, spray nozzles or strainers.

If the sprayer has been stored or idle, purge the spray boom and nozzles with clean water before beginning any application.

Should small quantities of AIM EC remain in inadequately cleaned mixing, loading and/or spray equipment, they may be released during subsequent applications potentially causing effects to certain crops and other vegetation. FMC accepts no liability for any effects due to inadequately cleaned equipment.
All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers. For all non-aerial applications, wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site, on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

**Controlling Spray Droplet Size**

**Volume Median Diameter (VMD)** – VMD is the expression of the droplet size of the spray cloud. The VMD value means that 50% of the droplets are larger than the expressed value and 50% of the droplets are smaller than the expressed value. Optimum AIM EC spray clouds should be 450 microns with fewer than 10% of the droplets being 200 microns or less.

**Volume** – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows usually produce larger droplets.

**Pressure** – Do not use pressures greater than that specified by the nozzle manufacturer. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

**Number of Nozzles** – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

**Nozzle Orientation** – For aerial application, orient nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream. A parallel orientation results in larger droplets than other orientations and reduces air turbulence and the production of small droplets. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

**Nozzle Type** – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low drift nozzles. For aerial applications, solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and potentially the least drift.

**Boom Length** – For some aerial use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

**Application Height** – Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of spray droplets to evaporation and wind movement. Aerial applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

**Swath Adjustment** – Swath adjustment distance must increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

**Wind** – Drift potential is lowest between winds speeds of 3 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Applications shall be avoided below 3 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Do not apply AIM EC when wind speed exceeds 10 mph. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every application shall be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

**Temperature and Humidity** – When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

**Temperature Inversions** – Do not apply AIM EC during a temperature inversion because the drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the following morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog. However, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

**Sensitive Areas** – AIM EC shall only be applied when the wind is blowing away from adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitats for threatened or endangered species and non-target crops).

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### ALLOWABLE AIM EC USE INFORMATION

Refer to the crop section of this label for specific product use directions.

#### Table 1:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop Group/Subgroup</th>
<th>Maximum Rate AIM EC (fl. oz./acre) Per Season</th>
<th>Maximum Rate AIM EC (lb ai/acre) Per Season</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa and Clover (Group 18)</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa and Clover (Group 18) harvest aid only</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>0.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asparagus</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>0.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banana</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berry, low growing (Subgroup 13-07G)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bushberry (Subgroup 13-07B)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cano</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cano (Subgroup 13-07A)</td>
<td>25.6</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus fruit (Group 10-10)</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coffee</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>0.031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton, harvest aid only</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fig</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fruit, small vine climbing – except fuzzy kiwifruit (Subgroup 13-07F)</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Globe Artichoke</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grass (Group 17)</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>0.093</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guayule</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Herbs and Spices (Group 19)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hops</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horseradish</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indian Mulberry</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kiwifruit</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mint</td>
<td>1.92</td>
<td>0.03</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nut tree (Group 14-12)</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Seed – except cottonseed (Group 20)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olive</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palm Heart</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peanut</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peanut (harvest aid)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>0.031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persimmon</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pome fruit (Group 11-10)</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pomegranate</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice (Southern Use Only)</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>0.138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice, harvest aid only (not permitted in California)</td>
<td>1.47</td>
<td>0.023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small Grains</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>0.031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorghum (harvest aid)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorghum (grown for seed and grain)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soybeans (preplant and in-season and harvest aid)</td>
<td>1.47</td>
<td>0.023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stone fruit (Group 12-12)</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sugarcane</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sugarcane (harvest aid)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>0.031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tea</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>0.031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tropical fruit treees</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vanilla</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>0.12</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vegetable, brassica (Group 5)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, bulb (Group 3-07)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, cucurbit (Group 9)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, foliage of legume (Group 7)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, fruiting (Group 8-10)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, leafy except Brassica (Group 4)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, leaves of root and tuber (Group 2)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, legume (Group 6 - except soybean)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, root (Subgroups 1A and 1B)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, tuberous and corn (Subgroup 1C)</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>0.181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild Rice</td>
<td>19.3</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The total allowable usage includes all applications made to the field per calendar year. This includes fallow treatments, burn-down treatments and all in-season treatments, including harvest aid.*
PREHARVEST INTERVALS
Refer to the crop section of this label for specific product use directions.

Table 2:
Preharvest Intervals (PHI) or Maximum Growth Stage for AIM EC Applications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop Group/Subgroup</th>
<th>PHI (Days Before Harvest) or Growth Stage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa and Clover (Group 18) grown for Forage and/or Hay</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa and Clover (Group 18) grown for Seed</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asparagus</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banana</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berry, low growing (Subgroup 13-07G)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buthberry (Subgroup 13-07B)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cacao</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cranberry (Subgroup 13-07A)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citrus fruit (Group 10-10)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coconut</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coffee</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>14 Leaf Collars</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn, Sweet corn grown for seed, popcorn, field corn (harvest aid)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton (harvest aid)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton (preplant and in-season)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fruit, small vine climbing – except fuzzy kiwifruit (Subgroup 13-07F)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fig</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Globe Artichoke</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grass (Group 17)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guayule</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Herbs and Spices (Group 19)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hops</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humusradish</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indian Mulberry</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kiwifruit</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mint</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, tree (Group 14-12)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Seeds (Group 20 – except cottonseed)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olive</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palm Heart</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peanut</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persimmon</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pome fruit (Group 11-10)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pomegranate</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice (southern use only)</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice, harvest aid only (not permitted in California)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small Grains (Except winter wheat)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small Grains (harvest aid) – include Winter Wheat</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorghum (harvest aid)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorghum (preplant and in-season) Pre-boot</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soybean (harvest aid)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soybeans (grown for seed and grain)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stone fruit (Group 12-12)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sugarcane</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tea</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teff</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teff (forage-harvest aid)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tropical fruit</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vanilla</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, brassica (Group 5)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, bulb (Group 3-07)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, cucurbit (Group 9)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, foliage of legume (Group 7)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, fruiting (Group 8-10)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, leafy except brassica (Group 4)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, leaves of root and tuber (Group 2)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, legume (Group 6 – except soybean)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, root (Subgroups 1A and 1B)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable, tuberous and corm (Subgroups 1C &amp; 1D)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild Rice</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CROP ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS
Following an application of AIM EC, a treated field may be rotated to a registered crop at any time, subject to specific crop restrictions that may be found in the individual crop sections. All other crops may be planted after 12 months.

Table 3:
When used as directed, AIM EC will provide control of the listed weeds up to four (4) inches in height, or as specified.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weeds Controlled</th>
<th>AIM EC Use Rate fl oz (pound active ingredient) per acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lambquarters, common (up to 3 inches tall)</td>
<td>0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morningglory, ivyleaf (up to 3 leaves)</td>
<td>0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morningglory, pitted (up to 3 leaves)</td>
<td>0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nightshade, Eastern Black</td>
<td>0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pigweed, redroot</td>
<td>0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velvetleaf</td>
<td>0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waterhemp (up to 2 inches tall)</td>
<td>0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Weeds Controlled

All the weeds controlled at 0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre plus the weeds listed below:

- Cheeseweeds
- Filaree, redstem
- Flaxweed
- Lambquarters, common
- Mallow, common
- Morningglory, entireleaf
- Morningglory, ivyleaf
- Morningglory, pitted
- Morningglory, scarlet
- Nightshade, hairy
- Pennywax, field
- Pigweed, prostrate
- Pigweed, smooth
- Pigweed, tumble
- Purslane, common
- Sesbania, hemp
- Smartweed, PA (seedling)
- Spurge, prostrate
- Tansywort
- Velvetleaf (24"
- Waterhemp, common & tall

Weeds Controlled

All the weeds controlled at 0.8 fl oz (0.013 pound active ingredient) per acre plus the weeds listed below:

- Amaranth, spriny
- Anoda, spurred
- Bedstraw, catchweed
- Buffalobur
- Carpetweed
- Cocklebur
- Copperleaf, hophornbeam
- Cotton, GM Varieties
- Cotton, volunteer
- Echipt
- Fiddleneck, coast
- Groundcherry, smooth (seedling)
- Groundcherry, Wright’s
- Jimsonweed
- Kochia
- Lettuce, Prickly 2-3 leaf
- Nettle, burning
- Nightshade, American black
- Nightshade, black
- Rocket, London
- Shepherdspurse
- Speedwell, Virginia
- Spiderwort, tropical
- Thistle, Russian (up to 2 inches tall)
- Wallflower, bushy

Weeds Controlled

All the weeds controlled at 1.0 fl oz (0.016 pound active ingredient) per acre plus the weeds listed below:

- Amaranth, Palmer
- Corn Spurry
- Filaree, broadleaf
- Filaree, white
- Lettuce, prickly
- Mallow, Venice (up to 2 inches tall)
- Meadowfoam
- Redmads

Page 5
Burndown of top growth

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed List</th>
<th>AIM EC Use Rate</th>
<th>fl oz (pound active ingredient) per acre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bindweed, field</td>
<td>1.0 - 2.0 fl oz</td>
<td>(0.016 – 0.032 pound active ingredient)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buckthorn</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dayflower</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sals, lancelaniifera</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saltwattle</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AGRICULTURE FARM AND FARMSTEAD USE – NON-CROP

Timing and Method of Application
AIM EC may be used for broadleaf weed control on farms and farmsteads in areas outside of crop growing areas. See the rate and weed table 3 to determine the proper rate for areas such as grass waterways, field edges, terraces, equipment storage areas, shelter belts, fence lines, farm buildings, dry ditch, canal banks etc. AIM EC is a contact herbicide and coverage is essential for good weed control. AIM EC will control emerged weeds only. Weeds that germinate after application will require repeat treatments.

BOOM EQUIPMENT

AIM EC use Rate – Boom Equipment:
Apply AIM EC at up to 2.0 fl. oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre.

Adjuvant Requirements – Boom Equipment
A nonionic surfactant, crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient or a petroleum or oil seed based crop oil concentrate (COC) at 1.0 to 2 % v/v (1.0 to 2.0 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution) or a methylated seed oil (MSO). A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4 % v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons) or ammonium sulfate at 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the selected NIS, MSO or COC is allowed.

Tank Mixes – Boom Equipment
AIM EC may be mixed with other herbicides labeled for this method of application in non-crop areas for broader spectrum weed control. See Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of this label for specific mixing instructions. Refer to this and the other product’s labels for mixing instructions, precautions, and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank-mix partner.

SPOT TREATMENTS (Applications with hand operated sprayer such as backpack sprayers, compression sprayers, knapsack sprayers.)
Mix the amount of AIM EC for the desired percent spray solution from the table below. These mixtures are based on 1 gallon of solution evenly covering 1000 square feet. Applications should be made on a spray-to-wet basis. Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to runoff. See Table 4 for weeds controlled at specific concentrations. Use lower concentrations for small seedling weeds at the 2-3 leaf stage. Higher concentrations are needed for larger weeds up to the 6-leaf stage. Applications beyond the 6-leaf stage may result in only partial control. AIM EC may be mixed with other labeled herbicides such as glyphosate, glufosinate, and parquat for broader spectrum weed control.

<p>| Table 4: |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Desired Volume</th>
<th>Amount AIM EC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.5 fl oz</td>
<td>acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.8 fl oz</td>
<td>acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.0 fl oz</td>
<td>acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.6 fl oz</td>
<td>acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0 fl oz</td>
<td>acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Gal</td>
<td>0.4 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.6 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.7 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.1 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.4 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Gal</td>
<td>1.7 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2.7 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.4 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.4 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6.8 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Gal</td>
<td>8.5 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13.0 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17.0 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>27.2 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>34.0 fl oz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Adjuvant Requirements:
A nonionic surfactant (NIS), methylated seed oil (MSO) or crop oil concentrate (COC) is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v having at least 80% active ingredient, or a methylated seed oil (MSO), or crop oil concentrate (COC) (petroleum or seed oil) at 1 to 2% v/v. A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4 % v/v or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of .75 to 1.5 ounces per gallon in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed.

<p>| Table 5: |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Desired Volume</th>
<th>Recommended Adjuvants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NIS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.25% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.0% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Gal</td>
<td>0.35 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Gal</td>
<td>1.6 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 Gal</td>
<td>8.0 fl oz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PREPLANT BURNDOWN

Apply AIM EC alone or with other herbicides or liquid fertilizers as a burn-down treatment to control or suppress weeds. AIM EC is effective as a burn-down treatment for previous crops prior to new plantings. Apply AIM EC up to 2.0 fl. oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre. Do not exceed the applicable amounts as listed for the specific crop in the MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE AIM EC USE in Table 1. For optimum performance, make applications to actively growing weeds up to 4 inches high or rosettes less than 3 inches across. Coverage is essential for good control. Optimum broad-spectrum control of annual and perennial weeds requires a tank mix with labeled burndown herbicides such as glyphosate, glufosinate, parquat, 2,4-D, or dicamba.

<p>| Table 6: |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Desired Volume</th>
<th>Recommended Adjuvants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NIS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.25% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.5% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.0% v/v</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Gal</td>
<td>0.35 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 Gal</td>
<td>1.6 fl oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 Gal</td>
<td>8.0 fl oz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Adjuvant Requirements:
A nonionic surfactant, or crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient or a petroleum or oil seed based crop oil concentrate (COC) at 1.0 to 2.0 % v/v (1.0 to 2.0 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution) or a methylated seed oil (MSO). A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4 % v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons) or ammonium sulfate at 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the selected NIS, MSO or COC is allowed.

AIM EC Plus Glyphosate or Glufosinate
Apply AIM EC at 0.5 to 1.0 fl. oz (0.008 to 0.016 pound active ingredient) per acre in combination with glyphosate or glufosinate products at their labeled rates for increased speed of activity and improved control of weeds e.g. those listed as follows.

Apply AIM EC as a burndown treatment no later than one (1) day after planting by seed to any of the following crops. (See specific crop section for other timings)
- Alfalfa and Clover (Crop Group 18)
- Cereal grains (Crop Group 10)
- Grasses (Crop Group 17)
- Oil Seed (Crop Group 20 – except cottonseed)
- Peanut
- Soybean
- Sugarcane
- Vegetables, legume (succulent or dried) (Crop Group 6)
- Vegetable, tuberous and corn (Subgroup 1C)

Apply AIM EC as a burndown treatment no later than one (1) day before transplanting any of the following crops.
- Avocado
- Banana
- Fig
- Fruit, citrus (Crop Group 10-10)
- Fruit, pome (Crop Group 11-11)
- Fruit, stone (Crop Group 12-12)
- Globe Artichoke
- Guayule
- Hops
- Horseradish
- Indian Mulberry
- Kiwifruit
- Nuts, tree (Crop Group 14-12)
- Olive
- Palm Heart
- Perimmon
- Pomegranate
- Small Fruit, Vine, Climbing – except fuzzy kiwifruit (Subgroup 13-07)
- Tea
- Tobacco
- Vanilla
- Vegetable, fruiting (Crop Group 8-10)
- Vegetable, brassica (Crop Group 5)
- Vegetable, cucurbit (Crop Group 9)
- Vegetable, fruiting (Crop Group 8-10)
- Vegetables, leafy except brassica (Crop Group 4)

Apply AIM EC as a burndown treatment no later than seven (7) days before planting by seed to any of the following crops.
- Vegetables, brassica (Crop Group 5)
- Vegetables, cucurbit (Crop Group 9)
- Vegetable, fruiting (Crop Group 8-10)
- Vegetable, leafy except brassica (Crop Group 4)

Apply AIM EC as a burndown treatment no later than thirty (30) days before planting by seed any of the following crops.
- Soybean
- Vegetable, bulb (Crop Group 3-07)
When applied as directed, AIM EC plus labeled herbicides e.g. glyphosate, glufosinate, or paraquat will provide increased speed of activity and improved control of weeds listed in Table 6 plus weeds listed in Table 3 for the rate of AIM EC used.

Table 6:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Botanical, smartweed</th>
<th>Morningglory, spp.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chokedeed, field</td>
<td>Pennyroyal, field</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curled Dock</td>
<td>Prostrate knotted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curled Leaf Primrose</td>
<td>Purslane, common</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bindweed, field</td>
<td>Smartweed, PA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dandelion, common</td>
<td>Star-of-Bethlehem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Peanut weed</em></td>
<td>Shepherdspurse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Groundsel</td>
<td>Tansy mustard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hibiscus</td>
<td>Thistle, Russian</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kochia</td>
<td>Thistles, annual &amp; biennial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lambquarters, common</td>
<td>Wild buckwheat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Marastel</em></td>
<td>Wild hemp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*glyphosate susceptible marastel and peanut weed*

When tank mixing with fertilizer solutions, be sure to prepare an AIM EC premixure of AIM EC and clean water.

For other specific mixing instructions, refer to the Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section.

HOODED SPRAYER APPLICATIONS

Apply AIM EC to the row middles of the following emerged crops using hooded sprayers in accordance with specific use information in the following Directions for Use section.

Apply AIM EC with hooded sprayers to control labeled weeds between the rows of the below listed emerged crops. This treatment is for crops grown in rows, and includes crops grown in rows where mulch or plastic barriers are used as a weed control tool in the drill or plant line.

Hooded sprayers must be designed, adjusted and operated in such a manner to totally enclose the spray pattern and to prevent any spray deposition to green stem tissue, foliage, blooms or fruit of the crop.

Sprayers shall not be operated at more than five (5) miles per hour in order to minimize vertical movement of the sprayer during application, including the bouncing or raising of the equipment. Use extreme care in applying sprays to fields where the soil surface is uneven, hard to fumigate, drains or other contours that would disturb the adjustment and positioning of the spray equipment and/or the spray pattern. Applications must not be made when wind conditions may disturb the spray patterns and result in spray deposition to sensitive plants or plant parts.

For optimum performance, make applications to actively growing weeds up to 4 inches tall and rosettes less than 3 inches across. Coverage is essential for good control.

Crops labeled for Hooded Sprayers

Hooded Spray application can be used for all crops listed on this AIM Herbicide label.

Note: Crop injury will occur when spray is allowed to come in contact with the green stem tissue, leaves, blooms or fruit of the crop.

See listing for individual commodities contained within the respective Crop groups:

Vegetable, Root and Tuber (Group 1) including: Araracuya, Arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Garden Beet, Sugar beet, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrot; Bitter and Sweet Cassava, Celeriac, Chayote (root), Turnip-rooted Chervil, Chicory, Chufa, Daishene (taro), Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Turnip-rooted Parsley, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental (daikon) Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Skirret, Sweet Potato, Taniier, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam bean; True Yam

Vegetable, leaves of root and tuber (Group 2) including: Garden Beet, Sugar Beet, Edible Burdock, Carrot, Bitter and Sweet Cassava, Celeriac, Chervil, Turnip-rooted Chervil, Daishene (taro), Parsnip, Radish, Oriental (daikon) Radish, Rutabaga, Black Salsify, Sweet Potato, Taniier, Turnip, True Yam

Vegetable, bulb (Group 3-07) including: Fresh Leaves Chive, Chinese fresh Leaves Chive, Bull Daylily, Elegants Hosta; Bulb Fritillaria, Leaves Frittillaria, Bulb Garlic, Great-headed Garlic, Serpent Bulb Garlic, Kurrat; Lady's Leek, Leek, Wild Leek, Bulb Lily, Beltsville Bunching Onion, Bulb Onion, Chinese Chive Onion, Fresh Onion, Green Onion, Macrostem onion, Pearl onion, Potato Bulb Onion, Tree Tops Onion, Welsh Tops Onion, Bulk Shallot, Fresh Leaves shallot, and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Vegetable, leafy except brassica (Group 4) including: Amaranth (Chinese Spinach), Arugula (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Cettie, Edible Chinese Brysanthemum, Garlic Chrysanthyum, Corn Salad, Cress, Garden, Upland Cress, Dandelion, Dock (Serrel), Endive (Escarole), Florence Fennel, Head And Leaf Lettuce, Orach, Parsley, Garden Purslane, Winter Purslane, Radicchio (Red Chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, New Zealand Spinach, Vine Spinach, Swiss Chard

Vegetable, brassica (Group 5) including: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli, (gai lon), Broccoli Raab (rapini), Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Okra (luffa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Cauliflower, Calvo Broccoli, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens

Vegetable, legume, except soybean (suculent or dried) (Group 6) including: Bean (Lupinus spp.) (includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin); bean (Phaseolus spp.) (includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean); bean (Vigna spp.) (includes adzuki bean, mung bean, black-eyed pea, cowpea, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean); broad bean (fava); chickpea (garbanzo); guar; jackbean; lablab bean (hyacinth bean); lentil; pea (Pisum spp., edible pea, edamame pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea); pigeon pea; soybean (immature seed); sword bean

Vegetable, foliage of legume (Group 7) including: Plant parts of any legume vegetable included in the legume vegetables group that will be used as animal feed

Vegetable, fruiting (Group 8-10) including: African eggplant, Bush Tomato, Bell Pepper, Concona, Currant Tomato, Eggplant, Garden Huckleberry, Goji Berry, Groundcherry, Martynia, Naranjilla, Okra, Pea Eggplant, Pepino, Non-Bell Pepper, Roselle, Scarlet Eggplant, Sunberry, Tomatillo, Tomato, Tree Tomato, and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Vegetable, cucurbit (Group 9) including: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon), Citron Melon, Cucumber, Grapple (Edible Gourd), Hungarian Pea, Oyster Melon, Chinese Okra), Momordica spp. (includes Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear, Bittermelon, Chinese Cucumber, Muskmealon (includes Cantaloupe), Pumpkin, Summer Squash, Winter Squash (includes Butternut Squash, Courgette, Hubbard Squash, Acorn Squash, Spaghetti Squash), Watermelon

Citrus Fruit (Group 10-10) including: Australian Desert Lime, Australian Finger-Lime, Australian Round Lime, Brown River Finger Lime, Catamondin, Citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Japanese Summer Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mediterranean Mandarin, Mount White Lime, New Guinea Wild Lime, Sour Orange; Sweet Orange, Pummelo, Russell River Lime, Satsuma Mandarin, Sweet Lime, Tachibana Orange. Tahiti Lime, Tangelo, Tangerine (mandarin), Tangor, Tangerine Orange; Uniq Fruit, and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pome Fruit (Group 11-10) including: Apple; azarole; crabapple; loquat; mayhaw; medlar; pear; pear, Asian; quince; quince, Chinese, quince, Japanese; tejocote; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Stone Fruit (Group 12-12) including: Apricot, Japanese Apricot, Capulin, Black Cherry, Nanking Cherry, Sweet Cherry, Tart Cherry, Chinese Jujube, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, American Plum, Beach Plum, Canada Plum, Cherry Plum, Chikasaw Plum, Damson Plum, Japanese Plum, Klaimath Plum, Prune Plum, Plomco, Sloe and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Caneberry (subgroup 13-07A) including: Blackberry, Loganberry, Black and Red Raspberry, Wild Raspberry, and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Bushberry (subgroup 13-07B) including: Aronia Berry, Highbush Blueberry, Lowbush Blueberry, Buffalo Currant, Chilean Guava, Highbush Cranberry, Black Currant, Red Currant, Elderberry, European Barberry, Gooseberry, Edible Honeysuckle, Huckleberry, Jostaberry, Juneberry (Saskatoon Berry), Lingonberry, Native Currant, Salal, Sea Buckthorn and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Fruit, small vine climbing – except fuzzy kiwifruit (subgroup13-07F) including: Amur river grape; gooseberry; grape; hardy kiwifruit; muscadine; schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Berry, low growing (subgroup 13-07G) including: Bearberry, Bilberry, Lowbush Blueberry, Cloudberry, Cranberry, Lingonberry, Muntries, Partridgeberry, Strawberry, and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Tree Nuts (Group 14-12) including: African Nut-Tree, Almond, Beechnut, Brazil Nut; Brazilian Pine, Bunya, Bur Oak, Butternut, Cajou Nut, Candenut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Copra nut, Dika Nut, Durian Nut, Guava, Chestnut, Hazelnut (hazel), Heartnut, Hickory Nut, Japanese Horse-Chestnut, Macadamia Nut, Mongongo Nut, Monkey-Pot, Monkey Puzzle Nut, Okari Nut, Pachira Nut, Peach Palm Nut, Pecan, Pequi, Pili Nut, Pine Nut, Pistachio, Pignut Hickory, Pommegranate Nut, Popcorn Nut, Almond, Black Walnut, English Walnut, Yellowhorn and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Cereal Grains (Group 15) including: Barley, Buckwheat, Corn, Millet (Pearl and proso), Oats, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Sorghum (milo), Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat, and Wild Rice
Forage, Fodder and Straw of Cereal Grains (Group 16) including: Forage, fodder and straw of all commodities included in the cereal grains (Group 15).

Grasses (Group 17) including: Any grass, Gramineae family (either green or cured) except sugarcane and those included in the cereal grains group, that will be fed to or grazed by livestock, all pasture and range grasses and grasses grown for hay or silage.


Herbs and Spices (Group 19) including: Allspice, Angelica, Anise (seed), Star Anise, Annatto (seed), Balm (Lemon Balm), Basil (Fresh and Dried), Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper Buds, Caraway, Carob, Carob (Leaf), Dill (Dillweed), Dill (Seed), Fennel (Fennel), Florence Fennel (seed), Fenugreek, Grains of Paradise, Hourehound, Hyssop, Juniper Berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf), Lovage (seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (includes Sweet or Annual Marjoram, Wild Marjoram or Oregano, and Pot Marjoram), Mustard (Seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (Dried), Pennyroyal, Black Pepper, White Pepper, Poppy (Seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage; Summer and Winter Savory, Sweet Bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

Oil Seeds (Subgroups 20A & 20B, except Cottonseed) including: Borage, Crambe, Cuphea, Echium, Flex Seed, Gold of Pleasure, Hare’s Ear Mustard, Lesquerella, Lunaria, Meadowfoam, Milkweed, Mustard Seed, Oil Radish, Poppy Seed, Rapeseed, Sesame, Sweet Rocket, Calendula, Castor Oil Plant, Chinese Tallowtree, Euphorbia, Evening Primrose, Jojoba, Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Safflower, Stokes Aster, Sunflower, Tallloowood, Tea Oil Plant, Veronica and cultivars, vegetable, weeds and/or for herbaceous crops.

Tropical fruit: including Acerola, Atemoya, Avocado, Bibra, Black Sapote, Canistel, Cherimoya, Custard apple, Feijoa, Guava, Jaboticaba, Llama, Longan, Lychee, Maney Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Passionfruit, Pawpaw, Pulasan, Rambutan, Sapodilla, Sourwood, Spanish lime, Star apple, Starfruit, Sugar apple, Wax jambu, Aloe vera, Cactus.


APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Alfalfa and Clover (Established Stands Only) Crop Group 18

Methods and Timing Target Weeds Rates Restrictions

Postemerge Weed Control (Dormant, In-crop, and Stubble) Do not apply within 21 days of harvest for stands grown for forage and hay. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest for stands grown for seed. Refer to Table 3 0.5-2.5 fl oz (0.008 – 0.04 pounds active ingredient) per acre Do not apply more than 2.5 fl ozs. (0.04 pounds active ingredient) per acre per season. For tank mix applications, refer to the use directions and restrictions of the nonionic surfactant, methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed. Coverage is essential for satisfactory performance. Repeat application if necessary. Do not irrigate just prior to or just after application. Weed control under dry and hot conditions will be reduced.

Harvest Aid Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Refer to Table 3 Apply one to two times of AIM EC at 0.5 to 1.92 fl oz. (0.03 – 0.06 pounds active ingredient) per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 20 days apart.

ASPARAGUS

Methods and Timing PHI Target Weeds Rates Restrictions

Postemerge Weed Control Do not apply within 6 days of harvest. Refer to Table 3 Apply one to two times of AIM EC at 0.5 to 1.92 fl oz. (0.03 – 0.06 pounds active ingredient) per acre per season. Do not apply more than 1.2 fl oz. (0.02 pounds active ingredient) per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 20 days apart.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Postemerge Weed Control Treatment Dormant Season (Fall or Winter Application Postemerge on Weeds) Aim EC may be applied on dormant crop stubble alone or in combination with other registered herbicides for the post emergence control of weeds in established perennial grass feed stands during the dormant season (between growing seasons). To control insect pests, Aim EC may be tank mixed with insecticides, including Mustang Maxx.

Between Cutting In-Season Application (Spring/Summer Applications Postemerge on Weeds) Aim EC may be applied alone or in combination with other registered herbicides between cuttings (in-season) for the post emergence control of weeds in established perennial grass feed stands. In-season applications should be made at 0.2 fl ozs. max. is possible after removal of the previous hay crop and prior to significant regrowth on stems and crowns. Applications may be made from hay removal up to 6 inches of new growth. To control insect pests, Aim EC may be tank mixed with insecticides, including Mustang Maxx.

Aim EC Use Rates

For optimum results, weeds should be treated when small. Applications shall be made in spray volumes sufficient to provide complete coverage of foliage.

Use a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application equipment, and a minimum of 5 gallons per acre for aerial application equipment. For optimum results, apply Aim EC to weeds up to 4 inches tall and rosettes less than 3 inches across. Use a quality nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient. For more active treatments, use a Crop Oil Concentrate (COC) at 0.5 to 1.0% v/v (one half to one gallon per 100 gallons). Some temporary leaf spotting and necrosis may occur on green alfalfa or clover tissue present with between cutting applications, which should be rapidly outgrown under good growing conditions. Adjutant selection and high moisture environmental conditions will enhance the effectiveness of liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4 % v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed. Coverage is essential for satisfactory performance. Repeat application if necessary. Do not irrigate just prior to or just after application. Weed control under dry and hot conditions will be reduced.

Aim EC is mixed in the spray tank water first.

Harvest Aid Treatment

Apply Aim EC to crops grown for forage, hay or seed alone or as a tank mixture with other harvest aids. Applications shall be made when the crop is mature, or according to Extension Service guidelines in the use area. Apply Aim EC at 2.0 to 3.8 fl ozs. (0.031 to 0.06 pounds active ingredient) per acre, but not to exceed maximum labeled rates. Refer to the Nonionic ALLOWABLE MIXING CHARTS AND THE PREHARVEST INTERVAL charts for additional application information. If treatments of Aim EC have been made to the crop earlier, that volume must be considered in determining the maximum use rate as a harvest aid treatment.

Applications should be made in spray volumes sufficient to provide complete coverage of foliage. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application and 5 gallons per acre for aerial application. A nonionic surfactant (NIS), methylated seed oil (MSO) or crop oil concentrate (COC) is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient, or a methylated seed oil, or crop oil concentrate (COC) or petroleum or seed oil) at 1 to 2 v/v (1 to 2 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution). A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4 % v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed. Coverage is essential for satisfactory performance. Repeat application if necessary.

Note: If applied as a tank mixture, refer to the other product’s label for restrictions on tank mixing, and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational crop-ping restrictions.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Apply Aim EC as a broadcast application after harvest of Asparagus spears for control of broadleaf weeds and new existing Asparagus tissues.

Coverage is essential for good control.

Adjunctive Requirements

Applications shall be made in spray volumes sufficient to provide complete coverage of foliage. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application and 5 gallons per acre for aerial application. A nonionic surfactant (NIS), methylated seed oil (MSO) or crop oil concentrate (COC) is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient, or a methylated seed oil, or crop oil concentrate (COC) or petroleum or seed oil) at 1 to 2 v/v (1 to 2 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution). A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4 % v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed. Repeat application if necessary.

For specific mixing instructions, refer to the Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE
AIM EC applications will control susceptible emerged broadleaf weeds. Repeat applications may be necessary for weeds that emerge after an AIM EC treatment.

Equipment and Application
Apply only by ground equipment such as boom sprayers, shielded or hooded sprayers, hand-held or high-volume wands or orchard guns. Use a minimum of 20 gallons finished spray solution per broadcast acre.

Dormant Applications
Apply AIM EC as a broadcast application to the base of the trunk to control emerged and actively growing weeds during the dormant stage of the crop.

Post-directed Applications for Broadleaf Weed Control
Apply AIM EC as a directed spray avoiding contact with the berry plant but directed at actively growing weeds. AIM EC is a contact herbicide and coverage is essential for good weed control. Do not allow AIM EC spray mist to come in contact with green stem tissue, desirable fruit, blooms or foliage.

Newly planted bush berries should only be treated with shielded sprayers or hooded sprayers.

AIM EC Use Rates
Apply up to 2 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) AIM EC per broadcast acre. For best control, apply to seedling weeds in the 2 to 3-leaf stage. Use higher rates for weeds controlled.

An adjuvant is required. See Adjuvant Requirements below under weed control.

Band Treatment Application
For band treatment, apply the broadcast equivalent rate and volume per acre. For band treatment, apply the broadcast equivalent rate and volume per acre.

Adjuvant Requirements
A nonionic surfactant (NIS), methylated seed oil (MSO) or crop oil concentrate (COC) is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient, or a methylated seed oil, or crop oil concentrate (COC)(petroleum or seed oil) at 1 to 2 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution. A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4 % v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed.

Tank Mix
AIM EC may be mixed with other registered herbicides for broader spectrum weed control. When tank mixing with fertilizer solutions, be sure to prepare an AIM EC premixture of AIM EC and clean water.

See Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of this label for specific mixing instructions. Refer to this and the other product’s labels for mixing instructions, precautions, and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank-mix partner.

Precautions
Extreme caution must be taken during applications when desirable fruit, foliage and/or blooms are present in order to avoid spotting or necrosis. Do not allow AIM EC spray mist to come in contact with green stem tissue, desirable fruit, blooms or foliage.

For seedling or newly transplanted bushes, do not allow spray to contact green bark of trunk area. Use shielded sprayers only.

Precautions
Extreme caution must be taken during applications when desirable fruit, foliage and/or blooms are present in order to avoid spotting or necrosis. Do not allow AIM EC spray mist to come in contact with green stem tissue, desirable fruit, blooms or foliage.

Newly planted caneberry bushes should only be treated with shielded sprayers or hooded sprayers.

Restrictions
Do not apply more than 25.6 fl oz per acre per season (0.4 pound active ingredient) per acre per season.

Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.

Do not apply within 15 days of harvest.
**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**Postemergence Weed Control Treatment**

Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other herbicides to emerged and actively growing weeds. Apply to corn in all tillage systems from prior to plant than V8 stage, utilize drop nozzles aligned between the rows with directed application to reduce contact with the corn foliage and improve contact with the weeds. For optimum performance, make application to actively growing weeds up to 4 inches high and rosettes less than 3 inches across. Coverage is essential for good control.

**Broadcast Applications:**

Use AIM EC Herbicide at 0.5 to 1.0 fl oz as a broadcast application using a minimum of 10 gallons per acre of spray volume by ground or 3 gallons per acre by air. Broadcast applications may be applied through V8 stage corn.

**Tank Mix**

AIM EC may be tankmixed with other corn herbicides to control weeds not listed on this label. Read and follow all manufacturers’ label directions for the companion herbicides. When tank mixing AIM EC with other labeled corn herbicides, use adjuvants as directed by the tank mix partner’s label.

AIM EC plus Atrazine

AIM EC may be tank mixed at a rate of 0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre with Atrazine 4L (16 fluid ounces per acre) or Atrazine 90DF (0.6 -1.6 pounds per acre) to control weeds up to 4 inches tall. Kochia control up to 2 inches tall with AIM EC + Atrazine + COC only. Refer to the Atrazine labels for additional weed listings and for higher use rates. AIM EC plusDicamba

AIM EC at 0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre plus 0.25% v/v nonionic surfactant (2 pints per 100 gallons) can be tank mixed with dicamba herbicides (8 -16 fluid ounces per acre) for control of broadleaf weeds including the following:

When used as directed, AIM EC + dicamba will provide control of listed weeds up to 4 inches tall.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Buckwheat, wild</td>
<td>Morningglory spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jimsonweed</td>
<td>Pigweed, redroot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kochia</td>
<td>Pigweed, smooth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lambsquarters</td>
<td>Pigweed, triazine resistant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Kochia control up to 2 inches tall with AIM EC + Atrazine + COC only. Refer to the Atrazine labels for additional weed listings and for higher use rates. AIM EC plus Atrazine plusDicamba or 2,4-D

Refer to the dicamba labels for additional weed listings and for higher use rates. Refer to the Tank Mixture Section for information on potential leaf injury.

**AIM EC Plus Atrazine PlusDicamba or 2,4-D**

For the control of all grass and certain broadleaf weeds up to 6 inches tall, Atrazine may be added to the tank mixtures of AIM EC plus dicamba or AIM EC plus 2,4-D (amine).

Add 2,4-D (amine) to the tank mix at 0.125 to 0.25 pound active ingredient per acre or dicamba at 3 to 8 fluid ounces per acre. Higher rates of atrazine and dicamba herbicides are allowed, but do not exceed the specific label use rates allowed by these labels. Add a 0.25% v/v nonionic surfactant (2 pints per 100 gallons) to the tank mixture. Under very dry soil moisture conditions, the use of crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v (1 gallon per 100 gallon spray solution) may improve weed control. The use of crop oil concentrate may increase leaf speckling. Refer to the Tank Mixture section for information on potential leaf injury.

**For control of the following weeds up to 6 inches in height, or as specified, add dicamba at 3 to 8 ounces per acre to AIM EC tank mixes with atrazine or to AIM EC tank mixes with other products that allow the use of dicamba on their labels.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amaranth, Palmer</td>
<td>Nightshade, Eastern black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amaranth, Spiny</td>
<td>Nightshade, hearty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kochia</td>
<td>Nightshade, hearty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lambsquarters</td>
<td>Nightshade, hearty</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Adjuvant Requirements:**

Use a non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution). Under dry conditions, the use of a crop oil concentrate (COC) at 1.0% v/v may improve weed control. The use of crop oil concentrate can increase leaf speckling and crop response on treated corn leaves.

**Directed Spray Applications:**

**Application Precautions:**

Leaf speckling can occur when AIM EC is used with certain crop protection products, herbicides, and adjuvants. Refer to the Tank Mixtures and Adjuvant Requirements sections under PRODUCT INFORMATION. Bromoxynil mixtures and bentazon mixtures may cause significant crop response when in contact with crop foliage.

**Crop Response:**

The application of AIM EC to corn may result in temporary crop response such as speckling or necrosis of the leaves. Grain yields will not be affected. Do not make applications when air temperatures are abnormally cool or humidity is high or if the corn foliage is wet from dew, rainfall or irrigation. Users should be aware of these inherent risks and accept these risks prior to application of AIM EC.

For additional information regarding potential crop response, refer to the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of the AIM EC label.

**Coverage is essential for satisfactory performance.**
Cotton:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Methods and Timing</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Removal of Failed Cotton Stands</td>
<td>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.</td>
<td>Failed Cotton (up to 3 leaf cotton)</td>
<td>1.0 to 1.6 fl oz (0.016 to 0.025 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply when conditions favor wind, or when wind is above 10 mph.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre Plant Burndown</td>
<td>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Up to 1.8 fl oz (0.025 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 3.2 fl oz (0.05 pounds active ingredient) per acre total for preplant, in-season weed control and harvest aid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hooded Sprayer</td>
<td>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Up to 1.8 fl oz (0.025 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 3.2 fl oz (0.05 pounds active ingredient) per acre total for managed maturity and/or as a harvest aid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-directed and Lay-by Applications</td>
<td>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Up to 1.8 fl oz (0.025 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 3.2 fl oz (0.05 pounds active ingredient) per acre total for managed maturity and/or as a harvest aid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Managed Maturity</td>
<td>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.</td>
<td>Manage unproductive terminal growth in cotton.</td>
<td>0.25 to 0.5 fl oz (0.004 to 0.008 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 3.2 fl oz (0.05 pounds active ingredient) per acre total for managed maturity and/or as a harvest aid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**Removal of Failed Cotton Stands**

Applying up to 1.6 fl oz AIMEC (0.016 to 0.025 pound active ingredient) per acre broadcast as a foliar spray over the top of the remaining cotton plants with sufficient spray volume to provide adequate coverage of the cotton plant, particularly the terminal area. Use higher rates on larger failed cotton. For best results do not exceed 3 leaf cotton. Coverage is essential for good control.

**PRE PLANT BURNDOWN**

See instructions under the Pre Plant Burndown section of this label.

**Hooded Sprayer Applications**

Apply AIM E C with hooded sprayers to control labeled weeds between the rows of the crop. Refer to the Hooded Sprayer Applications section of this label for additional specific use directions.

**Post-directed and Lay-by Applications**

AIM E C is a contact herbicide for postemergence directed sprayer or hooded/shielded sprayer applications for the control of broadleaf weeds in cotton. Apply AIM E C alone or as a tank mixture with other herbicides to emergent and actively growing weeds. For specific mixing instructions, refer to the Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section. Applications of AIM E C or AIM E C tank mixes must be made with directed sprayers or hooded sprayers to prevent contact of spray solution with the cotton plant; do not allow spray solution to contact cotton foliage, green stem tissue, or blooms. Directed sprayer equipment must have nozzles positioned such that a minimum 3 to 4 inches above the soil, with nozzles directed beneath the crop canopy. AIM E C or AIM E C tank mix applications shall be made to cotton that is a minimum of 6 inches in height. Applications to cotton at 5 to 6 nodes or less must be made with hooded or shielded sprayer equipment to completely avoid contact with cotton plants. Apply lay-by applications of AIM E C or AIM E C tank mixes at later growth stages of cotton when cotton plants have achieved a height of 12 inches or more with sufficient bark development and height differential between crop bottom leaves and the canopy. Spray application shall be directed at the base of cotton plants for minimal contact with green stem tissue or foliage while maintaining maximum contact with broadleaf weeds that are at appropriate treatment size.

For optimum performance, make application to actively growing weeds up to 4 inches tall and rosettes less than 3 inches across. Coverage is essential for good control.

**Adjuvant Requirements**

A nonionic surfactant (NIS), methylated seed oil (MSO) or crop oil concentrate (COC) is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient, or a methylated seed oil, or crop oil concentrate (COC) at 1 to 2% v/v (1 to 2 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution). A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4% v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed.

**AIM E C Use Rates and Weeds Controlled**

Apply up to 1.6 fl oz (0.025 lb ai/A) AIM E C as a post-directed treatment using a directed sprayer a hooded sprayer or lay-by applications delivering a minimum finished spray volume of 10 gallons per acre. Do not apply more than 3.2 fl oz (0.05 lb ai) AIM E C per acre by post-directed and lay-by applications. Refer to the appropriate control chart in Table 3 for additional information.

For control of additional broadleaf weeds and grasses, AIM E C may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for cotton post-directed and/or lay-by applications. Refer to the product’s label for restrictions on tank mixing, and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational cropping restrictions.

**Managed Maturity Application for Cotton**

Apply AIM E C as an aid to remove undesirable top growth and reduce unproductive terminal growth. Use alone or as a tank mixture with other cotton insecticides and herbicides. Read all product labels and follow all directions and precautions when tank mixing with this product.

**Timing**

Apply AIM E C when cotton is actively growing and the plants have 1% to 25% open bolls; with applications at 20% open bolls being optimum. When using the Cotman monitoring program, apply AIM E C at NAWF5, plus 450 – 650 heat units. Avoid Managed Maturity treatments to fields, or areas of fields, that are stressed.

**AIM E C Use Rates – Manage Maturity**

Apply AIM E C as a broadcast spray at 0.25 fl oz per acre (0.004 lb ai per acre) to 0.5 fl oz per acre (0.008 lb ai per acre); targeting 0.375 fl oz per acre (0.006 lb ai per acre) in spray volume adequate to obtain canopy coverage of the plant foliage. In situations of extremely lush growth, apply up to 0.5 fl oz per acre (0.008 lb ai per acre). Make applications using a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application and a minimum of 5 gallons per acre by air. Good upper canopy coverage is essential for optimum performance.

Use a quality crop oil concentrate (COC) at the recommended rate of 1% v/v.

**Defoliation / Harvest Aid Application**

Apply AIM E C as a harvest aid to defoliate and desiccate cotton and troublesome weeds that may be present at harvest. Apply AIM E C alone or as a tank mixture with other cotton harvest aids.

Use a quality spray adjuvant e.g. nonionic surfactant (NIS) or crop oil concentrate (COC) at the recommended rates. NIS is the recommended adjuvant during warmer periods with COC being the better choice for applications during cooler periods. Make application when 60 to 70 percent of the bolls are open, or according to the State Agricultural Extension Service guidelines in the use area.

Apply up to 1.6 fl oz AIM E C (up to 0.025 lb ai per acre) in spray volume sufficient to provide complete coverage of cotton foliage. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application and 5 gallons per acre for aerial application. Cotton is very sensitive to AIM E C. Repeat applications if necessary to remove remaining foliage or control regrowth. Do not apply more than 3.2 fl oz (0.05 pound active ingredient) per acre total as a harvest aid. Dense cotton canopy or large plant size, and environmental conditions not conducive to complete plant coverage may reduce initial application performance and increase the need for a second application.

Apply AIM E C alone, as a tank mix, or as a sequential application alone or tank mixed with other registered cotton harvest aid products.

Refer to the other product’s label for restrictions on tank mixing, and observe Dried shelled beans, peas Crop Subgroup 6-C; and flax (except soybean) and vegetable foliage of legume Group 7.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Methods and Timing</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preplant Burndown</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Refer to table 5</td>
<td>Up to 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 6.1 fl oz (0.096 pounds active ingredient) per season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harvest Aid Applications</td>
<td>Can be applied up to 0 days before harvest.</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>1.0 to 6.1 fl oz (0.016 to 0.096 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 6.1 fl oz (0.096 pounds active ingredient) per season.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**Preplant Burndown**

Refer to the preplant burn down section of this label.

**Harvest Aid Treatment**

Apply AIM E C Herbicide as a harvest aid to dry beans and dry peas at maturity when 75% to 90% of seed pods are yellow or buck skin in color and only 30% of green leaves remain on the plant. Apply to flax when 75% of the bolls have turned brown. Thorough coverage is essential for harvest aid and multiple applications may be needed. For optimum performance use 15 to 30 gallons per acre finished sprayed with a methylated seed oil (MSO) type adjuvant to ensure thorough coverage and retention for harvest aid.

**AIM E C Use rates**

Apply AIM E C alone or as a tank mixture with other harvest aids. Apply AIM E C at 1.0 to 6.1 fl oz (0.016 to 0.096 pounds active ingredient) per acre, but not to exceed maximum labeled rates. Refer to the MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE AIM E C USE RATE CHART and the PREHARVEST INTERVAL charts for additional information.

Applications shall be made in spray volumes sufficient to provide complete coverage of foliage. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application and 5 gallons per acre for aerial application. A methylated seed oil (MSO) or crop oil concentrate (COC) is required at 1 to 2% v/v (1 to 2 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution). The addition of a high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4% v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the methylated seed oil or crop oil may enhance performance. If spraying dry beans before full maturity and pods are not all mature and turning color, a repeat application may be necessary.

Note: If applied as a tank mixture, refer to the other product’s label for restrictions on tank mixing, and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational cropping restrictions.
Fruit, small vine climbing - except fuzzy kiwifruit (subgroup 13-07F)

Methods and Timing | PHI | Target Weeds | Rates | Restrictions
---|---|---|---|---
Postemergence Weed Control | Do not apply within 3 days of harvest | Refer to table 3 | Up to 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre | Do not apply more than 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre per application (including preplant site preparation treatments). Do not apply more than 7.9 fl oz (0.124 pound active ingredient) per acre per season. Do not make applications less than 14 days apart.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
AIM EC may be applied for postemergence weed control or for sucker control.

Weed Control
Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other herbicides as a postemergence directed spray treatment or as a hooded spray treatment to control emerged and actively growing weeds Apply AIM EC to middles (between rows of plants) and in strips (in row of plants). Apply AIM EC at any time during the season (see precautions). AIM EC may be mixed with other herbicides that have pre-emergence or post-emergence activity. Any pre-emergence activity must rely on activity from other herbicides as directed on their labels. Herbicides such as glyphosate may be tank mixed with AIM EC for broader spectrum weed control. If AIM EC is used in a tank mixture, observe the other product's label for restrictions, precautions and rotational cropping instructions.

Sucker Management
AIM EC is effective as an aid in the management of undesirable sucker growth from the base of vine trunks or root sprouts. Suckers and other undesirable growth must be treated when the tissue is young and not mature and/or hardened off. Care must be taken not to allow spray mist to contact desirable fruit or foliage or green stem tissue (see precautions). Application of AIM EC with other sucker control herbicides is allowed.

Hooded Sprayer Applications
Apply AIM EC with hooded sprayers to control labeled weeds between the rows of the crop. Refer to the Hooded Sprayer Applications section of this label for additional specific use directions.

Equipment and Application
Coverage is essential for good control. Use a spray volume adequate to obtain thorough coverage with a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre. Apply only with ground equipment. Apply AIM EC with hooded sprayers, boom equipment, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands or orchard guns. Always add AIM EC to the spray tank first. See “Mixing and Loading Instructions” under PRODUCT INFORMATION.
### Other Crops:

including Banana, Avocado, Black Coffee, Date, Fig, Sapote, Canistel, Mango, Sapodilla, Palm Heart, Star apple, Guava, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit jam bu, Starfruit, Passionfruit, Pulasan, Sugar apple, Atemoya, Custard apple, Chermoya, Llama, Soursop, and Birta

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP GROUP</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tropical fruit: including Papaya, Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mammy Sapote, Mango, Sapodilla, Star apple, Guava, Feijoa, Jacotocaba, Wax jambu, Starfruit, Passionfruit, Acerola, Lychee, Longan, Spanish lime, Rambutan, Pulasan, Sugar apple, Atemoya, Custard apple, Chermoya, Llama, Soursop, and Birta</td>
<td>Can be applied up to harvest</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Apply up to 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre.</td>
<td>Do not make applications with air-blast sprayers. Do not make applications less than 14 days apart. Do not apply more than 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre in a single application and 6.1 fl oz (0.096 pound active ingredient) per acre per season, including pre-plant site preparation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Other Crops:

including Banana, Cacao, Coconut, Coffee, Date, Fig, Guava, Lychee, Mulberry, Olive, Palm Heart, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Tea, and Vanilla

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP GROUP</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other Crops: including Banana, Cacao, Coconut, Coffee, Date, Fig, Guava, Lychee, Mulberry, Olive, Palm Heart, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Tea, and Vanilla</td>
<td>Do not apply within 3 days of harvest</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Apply up to 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre.</td>
<td>Do not make applications with air-blast sprayers. Do not make applications less than 14 days apart. Do not apply more than 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre per application and 7.9 fl oz (0.124 pound active ingredient) per acre per season, including pre-plant site preparation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Postemerge Weed Control

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Methods and Timing</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postemerge Weed Control</td>
<td>When AIM EC is applied alone,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to Table 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Post-Directed Application for Sucker Management.

AIM EC Herbicide may provide sucker control. Apply AIM EC Herbicide at 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre. Apply AIM EC Herbicide at 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre per application in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray solution by boom-type ground application equipment only to the basal portion of the hop plant for the management of sucker growth. Apply AIM EC Herbicide using shielded sprayers or boom-type ground application equipment only to the basal portion of the hop plant (approximately the lower 1.5 feet) and to the sucker mat which extends from the base of the plant to approximately 1.5 to 2 feet into the row.

An alternate row treatment program may be followed to avoid the removal of excessive photosynthetic capacity from the crown area by treating alternate rows on different days. Applications timing and techniques may vary from region to region. Please consult local university extension personnel for local management practices.

Postemergent Control of Broadleaf Weeds

A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4% v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed.

AIM EC Herbicide may be mixed with other registered herbicides for broader spectrum weed control. When tank mixing with fertilizer solutions, be sure to prepare an AIM EC Herbicide premixture of AIM EC Herbicide and clean water. See Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of this label for specific mixing instructions. Refer to this and the other product's labels for mixing instructions, precautions, and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank-mix partner.

Precautions

Extreme caution must be taken during applications when desirable fruit, foliage and/or blooms are present in order to avoid spotting or necrosis. Do not allow AIM EC Herbicide spray mist to come in contact with green stem tissue, desirable fruit, blooms or foliage. For seedling or newly transplanted bushes, do not allow spray to contact green bark of trunk area. Use shielded sprayers only.

Band Treatment Application

For Band Application, apply AIM EC Herbicide as a broadcast application before Mint break dormancy for control of existing broadleaf weeds. Aim AIM EC Herbicide using shielded sprayers or hooded sprayers to control emerged and actively growing broadleaf weeds within or between the rows of the crop. Refer to Table 3 for appropriate weed control information.

Adjuvant Requirements

Coverage is essential to obtain good basal growth management. Use a non-ionic surfactant (NIS) having at least 80 percent active ingredient at 0.25 % v/v (2 pints of NIS per 100 gallons of spray volume) or a quality crop oil concentrate (COC) at labeled rates. If AIM EC Herbicide is used in a tank mixture, refer to the other product labels for all restrictions on tank mixing and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational cropping restrictions.

LOW GROWING BERRY Subgroup 13-07G

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Aim AIM EC Herbicide applications will control susceptible emerged broadleaf weeds. Repeat applications may be necessary for weeds that emerge after an AIM EC Herbicide treatment.

Apply only by ground equipment such as boom sprayers, shielded or hooded sprayers, hand-held or high-volume wands or orchard guns. Use a minimum of 20 gallons finished spray solution per broadcast acre.

Dormant Applications

Aim AIM EC Herbicide as a broadcast application to the base of the trunk to control emerged and actively growing weeds during the dormant stage of the crop.

Post-directed Applications for Broadleaf Weed Control

Aim AIM EC Herbicide as a directed spray avoiding contact with the berry plant but directed at actively growing weeds. AIM EC Herbicide is a contact herbicide and coverage is essential for good weed control. Do not allow AIM EC Herbicide spray mist to come in contact with green stem tissue, desirable fruit, blooms or foliage. Newly planted bush berries should only be treated with shielded sprayers or hooded sprayers.

Aim EC Herbicide Use Rates

Apply up to 2 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) AIM EC Herbicide per broadcast acre. For best control, apply to seedlings in the 2 to 3 leaf stage. Use higher labeled rates of AIM EC Herbicide for larger weeds up to 6 leaves. Weeds greater than 6 leaves may be only partially controlled. See Table 3 for AIM EC Herbicide use rates and weeds controlled.

Adjuvant Requirements

A nonionic surfactant (NIS), methylated seed oil (MSO) or crop oil concentrate (COC) is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient, or a methylated seed oil, or crop oil concentrate (COC)(petroleum or seed oil) at 1 to 2 v/v (1 to 2 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution). A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4 % v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed.

Aim EC Herbicide may be mixed with other registered herbicides for broader spectrum weed control. When tank mixing with fertilizer solutions, be sure to prepare an AIM EC Herbicide premixture of AIM EC Herbicide and clean water. See Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of this label for specific mixing instructions. Refer to this and the other product's labels for mixing instructions, precautions, and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank-mix partner.

Precautions

Extreme caution must be taken during applications when desirable fruit, foliage and/or blooms are present in order to avoid spotting or necrosis. Do not allow AIM EC Herbicide spray mist to come in contact with green stem tissue, desirable fruit, blooms or foliage. For seedling or newly transplanted bushes, do not allow spray to contact green bark of trunk area. Use shielded sprayers only.

Band Treatment Application

For Band Application, apply the broadcast equivalent rate and volume per acre. To determine these:

\[
\text{Band Width in Inches} \times \text{Broadcast Rate Per Acre} = \text{Band Rate}
\]

\[
\text{Band Width in Inches} \times \text{Broadcast Volume Per Acre} = \text{Band Volume}
\]

MINT

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Aim AIM EC as a broadcast application before Mint break dormancy for control of existing broadleaf weeds.

Coverage is essential for good control.

Adjuvant Requirements

Applications shall be made in spray volumes sufficient to provide complete coverage of foliage. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application and 5 gallons per acre for aerial application. A nonionic surfactant (NIS), methylated seed oil (MSO) or crop oil concentrate (COC) is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient, or a methylated seed oil, or crop oil concentrate (COC)(petroleum or seed oil) at 1 to 2 v/v (1 to 2 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution). A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4 % v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed.

For specific mixing instructions, refer to the Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section.
### PEANUT

#### Methods and Timing | PHI | Target Weeds | Rates | Restrictions |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postemergence Weed Control</td>
<td>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Up to 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre.</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 6.1 fl oz (0.096 pounds active ingredient) per acre per season. Do not apply more than 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre per season as a harvest aid treatment. Do not apply more than one harvest aid treatment per season. Do not feed immature peanut plant or peanut hay to livestock.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harvest Aid</td>
<td>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**Weed Control**
Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other herbicides as a postemergence treatment or as a hooded/directed spray treatment to control emerged and actively growing weeds. Apply hooded/directed applications of AIM EC to middles (between rows of plants) and in strips (in row of plants). Apply AIM EC at any time during the season (see precautions). AIM EC may be mixed with other herbicides that have pre-emergence or post-emergence activity. Any pre-emergence activity must rely on activity from other herbicides as directed on their labels. Herbicides such as glyphosate may be tank mixed with AIM EC for broader spectrum weed control. If AIM EC is used in a tank mixture, observe the other product’s label for restrictions, precautions, and rotational cropping instructions.

**Harvest Aid Application**
Apply AIM EC as a harvest aid to defoliate and desiccate troublesome weeds that may be present at harvest. Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other peanut harvest aids.

**Adjuvant Requirements**
Control is enhanced with the addition of a nonionic surfactant (NIS) or crop oil concentrate (COC). Use a quality nonionic surfactant (NIS) containing at least 80% active at 0.25% v/v (2 pints NIS per 100 gallons) or a crop oil concentrate (COC) at 1% v/v (one gallon COC per 100 gallons), or a methylated seed oil (MSO). The use of a high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4% v/v or ammonium sulfate (AMS) used at 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the NIS, or MSO or COC is allowed.

**Coverage is essential for satisfactory performance.**

**Crop Rotation Restriction:**
After an application of this product to peanuts, you may only rotate the field to a carfentrazone-ethyl registered crop.

### RICE: (Southern Use Only)

#### Methods and Timing | PHI | Target Weeds | Rates | Restrictions |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-flood Applications to Dry Seeded Rice</td>
<td>Do not apply within 40 days of harvest once field is flooded.</td>
<td>See weed list in table 10 below</td>
<td>1.25 to 3.2 fl oz (0.0195 to 0.05 pound active ingredient) per acre.</td>
<td>Do not apply when conditions favor drift or when wind is above 10 mph. Pre-flood treatment, once field is flooded, water must be held for at least 23 days following treatment before release. Do not apply more than 8.6 fl oz (0.138 pound active ingredient) per acre per season including tal low/preplant burn down and other labeled crop applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post Flood Applications to Exposed Weeds</td>
<td>See weed list in table 11 below</td>
<td>1.6 to 6.4 fl oz (0.025 to 0.10 pound active ingredient) per acre.</td>
<td>Do not apply when conditions favor drift or when wind is above 10 mph. Do not apply more than 8.6 fl oz (0.138 pound active ingredient) per acre per season including tal low/preplant burn down and other labeled crop applications. Do not release water for at least 23 days following a Post Flood treatment in the water.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harvest Aid (not permitted in California)</td>
<td>Do not apply no earlier than soft dough up to the 3 days of harvest.</td>
<td>Desiccate trouble-some broadleaf weeds e.g. hemp ses-sbania, Indian and northern jointvetch, morningglo ries, and pigweeds.</td>
<td>1.25 to 1.47 fl oz (0.0195 to 0.023 pound active ingredient) per acre.</td>
<td>Do not apply when conditions favor drift or when wind is above 10 mph. Do not apply more than 1.47 fl oz (0.023 pound active ingredient) per acre as a harvest aid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**Weed Control**
Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other rice herbicides to emerged and actively growing weeds. Apply ground/directed applications of AIM EC in the water for at least 23 days following treatment before release. Do not apply more than 8.6 fl oz (0.138 pound active ingredient) per acre per season including tal low/preplant burn down and other labeled crop applications. Do not release water for at least 23 days following a Post Flood treatment in the water.

**Postemergence Pre-flood Applications to Dry Seeded Rice**
Apply AIM EC at 1.25 to 3.2 fl oz (0.0195 to 0.05 pound active ingredient) per acre. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application equipment, and a minimum of 3 gallons per acre of finished spray for aerial equipment. For optimum results, apply AIM EC to weeds up to 4 inches tall. Use a quality nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient. For more active treatments, use a Crop Oil Concentrate (COC) at 0.5 to 1.0% v/v (one half to one gallon per 100 gallons). Apply when the rice is at the 2 leaf stage or larger, but prior to flooding. Some leaf speckling may occur. Once field is flooded, water must be held for at least 23 days following treatment before release.

**When used as directed AIM EC will provide Control of listed weeds up to 4 inches tall.**

#### Table 10:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Name</th>
<th>common Name</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cookeweed, common</td>
<td>Morningglory, spp.</td>
<td>Morningglory, spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuppersleaf, hopshoebream</td>
<td>Pigweed spp.</td>
<td>Pigweed spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dayflower, spreading</td>
<td>Purslane, common</td>
<td>Purslane, common</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Groundcherry, cutleaf</td>
<td>Redweed</td>
<td>Redweed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyslop, water</td>
<td>Sesbania, hemp</td>
<td>Sesbania, hemp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jointvetch, Indian</td>
<td>Smartweed, Pk (seedling)</td>
<td>Smartweed, Pk (seedling)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jointvetch, northern</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Suppression of listed weeds**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weed Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alligatorweed</td>
<td>Platsedge, rice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docksalad</td>
<td>Redstem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eclipta</td>
<td>Yoweed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Tank Mix
For control of weeds listed as suppressed or not listed on this label, apply AIM EC following a preemergence grass herbicide or tank with other rice herbicides for broad spectrum weed control. Use tank mix applications when rice is well established and in the appropriate stage of growth for treatment with AIM EC and the tank mix partner. For optimum results, weed species should also be in the proper stage of growth as specified on the AIM EC and tank mix partner label. Read and follow all manufacturers' label directions for the companion herbicide except for specific directions on this label. Do not add a surfactant or crop oil concentrate when tank mixing herbicides formulated as emulsifiable concentrates unless required by the tank mix partners label. For other herbicide tank mix partners that are not Emulsifiable concentrates refer to their label for specific adjuvant recommendations. Observe all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the partner herbicide labels.

Post Flood Applications to Exposed Weeds
For post flood applications apply AIM EC to rice and weeds after the establishment of the permanent flood and when 80% of the foliage of the weeds are exposed. Apply AIM EC at 1.6 to 6.4 fl oz per acre (0.025 to 0.10 pound active ingredient) per acre to actively growing weeds. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient. For more active treatments, use a Crop Oil Concentrate (COC) at 1.0% v/v (one gallon per 100 gallons). Apply when the rice is at the 2-leaf stage or later. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application equipment and a minimum of 3 gallons of finished spray per acre for aerial application equipment. For optimum results, make applications to small rather than larger weeds. If water level has been lowered to allow this treatment, it should be returned to normal levels 24 hours following treatment. Users of AIM EC herbicide must hold the water on the rice fields for 23 days following treatment.

When used as directed, AIM EC will provide control of listed weeds.

Table 11:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suppression of listed weeds up to 4 inches.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alligatorweed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammanna, purple</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dayflower, spreading</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Harvest Aid Application:
AIM EC is effective as a harvest aid to defoliate and desiccate troublesome weeds that may be present at harvest. Apply AIM EC alone as a tank mixture with other rice harvest aids. Harvest aid treatment applications may be made no earlier than soft dough up to the 3 day PHI. Refer to Table 1 for maximum use rate as harvest aid.

Harvest Aid Restriction: not permitted in California

Crop Rotation Restriction:
After an application of this product to rice, you may only rotate the field to a carfentrazone-ethyl registered crop.

Rice, Wild: Wild rice grown in cultivated fields where the water discharge / release can be controlled.

### Methods and Timing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Postemerge Weed Control</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.</td>
<td>See weed list in table 14.</td>
<td>6.4 to 12.0 fl oz (0.1 to 0.19 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply when winds exceed 10 mph.</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 12.0 fl oz (0.19 pounds active ingredient) per single application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not apply when conditions favoring drift exist.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 14:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ammanna, purple (Suppression only)</th>
<th>Burweed, giant (Suppression only)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ammanna, redstem (Suppression only)</td>
<td>Umbrellaplant, smallflower (Suppression only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrowhead, California</td>
<td>Waterplantain, common (Suppression only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulrush, ricefield</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Crop Response
Some temporary leaf specking may occur following application.

### Tank Mix
AIM EC may be tank mixed with other herbicides to control weeds not listed on this label. Not all combinations of AIM EC and other formulated herbicides and adjuvants have been tested. In general, EC formulations, nonionic and silicone based surfactants, and crop oil concentrates, will increase leaf specking on the wild rice leaves. These tank mixes should be tested on a small portion of the field to ensure crop safety prior to general use.

### Precautions
Wet leaf surfaces at the time of application can cause unacceptable injury.

### Crop Rotation Restriction
After an application of this product to wild rice, you may only rotate the field to a carfentrazone-ethyl registered crop.
**SMALL GRAINS**

**Methods and Timing** | PHI | Target Weeds | Rates | Restrictions
---|---|---|---|---
Preplant Burndown | NA | Refer to Table 3 | Up to 1.0 fl oz (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre. | Do not apply more than 2.0 fl oz (0.062 pound active ingredient) per acre per season. Do not apply when conditions favor drift. Do not harvest forage within 7 days of application.

**Postemergence**

- **Winter Wheat – jointing stage**: Refer to Table 3 | 0.5 to 1.0 fl oz (0.008 to 0.016 pound active ingredient) per acre. | Do not apply more than 1.0 fl oz per acre.

**Harvest Aid Applications**

Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

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**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**Timing and method of application:**
AIM EC Herbicide may be applied preplant (up to 1 day before seeding), postemergence or harvest aid. For optimum performance, make application to actively growing weeds up to 4 inches tall and rosettes less than 3 inches across. For dense weed pressure, use the higher labeled application rate plus tank mix combinations. Coverage is essential for good control. Refer to Table 3 for weeds controlled at labeled rates of AIM EC Herbicide. For broader spectrum weed control, AIM EC Herbicide may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use in small grains.

**Pre Plant Burndown**

Refer to the preplant burndown section of this label.

**Postemergence Application:**

In-season application may be made from 4-inches tall to joint stage, except wheat which is just prior to the boot stage. Do not apply more than 0.016 lb ai/acre as a harvest aid treatment.

**AIM EC Herbicide Use Rate**

Apply from 0.5 to 1.0 fl oz AIM EC Herbicide (0.008 – 0.016 pounds active ingredient) per acre. Use a minimum finished spray solution of 10 gallons per acre by ground or 3 gallons per acre by air. Up to half of the spray volume (by air or ground) may be liquid nitrogen fertilizer.

**Adjuvant Requirements**

Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient. The use of a high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer (2 to 4% v/v or 2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallon spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant is allowed. Do not use AIM EC Herbicide with crop oil concentrates (COC), methylated seed oils (MSO) or silicone-based adjuvants for postemergence applications.

**Tank Mix**

To control weeds not listed on this label, AIM EC Herbicide may be tank mixed with other registered herbicides.

For specific mixing instructions, refer to the Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section. For the other product’s label for restrictions on tank mixing, and observe all label precautions, instructions, and rotational cropping restrictions. Use aerial or ground equipment for AIM EC Herbicide applications. Coverage is essential for good control. Applications shall be made by ground equipment using a minimum finished spray volume of 10 gallons per acre. Refer to Table 3 for appropriate weed control.

AIM EC Herbicide Plus 2,4-D (amine or ester) or MCPA (amine or ester)
AIM EC Herbicide may be tank mixed at a rate of 0.5 to 1.0 fl oz (0.008-0.016 pound active ingredient) per acre with 2,4-D (amine or ester) or MCPA (amine or ester) only. For application to actively growing crop (not including harvest aid), do not exceed the label use rates noted by these labels. Add nitrogen fertilizer (2 to 4% v/v) to 2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons or ammonium sulfate 4 lbs per acre to the tank mixture.

When applied as directed, AIM EC Herbicide in tank mixtures with 2,4-D (amine or ester) or MCPA (amine or ester) herbicides will provide control of listed weeds up to 4 inches tall.

**Sorghum (Grown for Grain and Seed)**

**Methods and Timing** | PHI | Target Weeds | Rates | Restrictions
---|---|---|---|---
Pre Plant Burndown | NA | Refer to Table 3 | Up to 1.0 fl oz (0.016 pounds active ingredient) per acre. | Do not apply on sorghum grown for seed.

**Foliar Broadcast Application (Grain Sorghum Only)**

Do not apply pre-boot stage. Refer to Table 3 for weeds controlled at labeled rates of AIM EC Herbicide. See Table 1 for limited tank mixing instructions, precautions, and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank-mix partner. Leaf speckling can occur when AIM EC is used with certain formulation of crop protection products and adjuvants.

**Directed or Shielded Spray Applications**

Do not apply within 3 days of harvest. Refer to Table 3 for weeds controlled at labeled rates of AIM EC Herbicide. See Table 1 for limited tank mixing instructions, precautions, and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank-mix partner. Leaf speckling can occur when AIM EC is used with certain formulation of crop protection products and adjuvants.

**Harvest Aid**

Do not apply more than 1.0 fl oz (0.016 pounds active ingredient) per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant. Do not apply more than 0.016 lb ai/acre as a harvest aid treatment. See Table 1.

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**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**Timing and method of application:**
AIM EC Herbicide may be applied preplant (up to 1 day before seeding), postemergence or harvest aid. For optimum performance, make application to actively growing weeds up to 4 inches tall and rosettes less than 3 inches across. For dense weed pressure, use the higher labeled application rate plus tank mix combinations. Coverage is essential for good control. Refer to Table 3 for weeds controlled at labeled rates of AIM EC Herbicide. For broader spectrum weed control, AIM EC Herbicide may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use in small grains.

**Pre Plant Burndown**

Refer to the preplant burndown section of this label.

**Postemergence Application:**

In-season application may be made from 4-inches tall to joint stage, except wheat which is just prior to the boot stage. Do not apply more than 0.016 lb ai/acre as a harvest aid treatment.

**AIM EC Herbicide Use Rate**

Apply from 0.5 to 1.0 fl oz AIM EC Herbicide (0.008 – 0.016 pounds active ingredient) per acre. Use a minimum finished spray solution of 10 gallons per acre by ground or 3 gallons per acre by air. Up to half of the spray volume (by air or ground) may be liquid nitrogen fertilizer.

**Adjuvant Requirements**

Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient. The use of a high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer (2 to 4% v/v or 2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallon spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant is allowed. Do not use AIM EC Herbicide with crop oil concentrates (COC), methylated seed oils (MSO) or silicone-based adjuvants for postemergence applications.

**Tank Mix**

To control weeds not listed on this label, AIM EC Herbicide may be tank mixed with other registered herbicides.

For specific mixing instructions, refer to the Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section. For the other product’s label for restrictions on tank mixing, and observe all label precautions, instructions, and rotational cropping restrictions. Use aerial or ground equipment for AIM EC Herbicide applications. Coverage is essential for good control. Applications shall be made by ground equipment using a minimum finished spray volume of 10 gallons per acre. Refer to Table 3 for weeds controlled at labeled rates of AIM EC on sorghum.

**PRE PLANT BURNDOWN**

See instructions under the Pre Plant Burndown section of this label.

**FOLIAR BROADCAST APPLICATION (GRAIN SORGHUM ONLY)**

Apply to sorghum from 4 inches tall to just prior to the boot stage. AIM EC may be applied alone or as a tank mixture with other herbicides labeled for use on sorghum. Broadcast applications of AIM EC to sorghum with wet foliage or application during periods of adverse environmental conditions such as cool, cloudy, wet, or high humidity may cause increased crop response. Directed sprays are suggested under these conditions. For additional information on crop response, refer to the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of the AIM EC label.

**AIM EC Use Rates – Foliar Grain Only**

Do not exceed 0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) AIM EC per acre. See Table 3 for weeds controlled at 0.5 fl oz of AIM EC. Rates below 0.5 fl oz may not fully control weeds.

**Adjuvant Requirements – Foliar Grain Only**

Use a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient. Do not use crop oil concentrates or methylated seed oils for broadcast applications on emerged sorghum.

**Tank Mix – Foliar Grain Only**

For control of additional broadleaf weeds and grasses, AIM EC may be tank mixed with 2,4-D (amine), Atrazine, POST Direct, Clarity™, Laddok® (Paramount), Peak®, Perimit®, Starane® or Sterling®. Refer to this and the other product’s labels for mixing instructions, precautions, and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank-mix partner.

**DIRECTED OR SHIELDED SPRAY APPLICATIONS**

Apply AIM EC when the sorghum is at least 4 inches tall to just prior to the boot stage. Use crop nozzles or other sprayer attachments directing the spray to the target weeds and away from the whorl and leaves of the sorghum plant. Applications shall be made by ground equipment using a minimum finished spray volume of 10 gallons per acre. Refer to Table 3 for weeds controlled at labeled rates of AIM EC. Coverage is essential for good control. Directed
shelled, or hooded sprayers are required for post emergence treatments to forage sorghum and available growth for 30 days.

**AIM EC Use Rates — Directed or Shielded Spray**
Apply up to 1.0 fl oz AIM EC (0.016 pound active ingredient) per acre using directed or shielded sprayers.

**Adjuvant Requirements — Directed or Shielded Spray**
For a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient. Crop oil concentrates or methylated seed oils may increase crop injury on sorghum.

**Tank Mix — Directed or Shielded Spray**
For control of additional broadleaf weeds and grasses, AIM EC may be tank mixed with 2,4-D (amine), Atrazine, Banvel®, Clarity™, Laddok®, Paramount, Peak®, Permethrins, Starenses®, or Sterling®. Refer to this and the other product’s labels for mixing instructions, precautions, and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank-mix partner.

**HOODED SPRAYER APPLICATION**
Apply AIM EC with hooded sprayers to control labeled weeds between the rows of the crop. Refer to the Hooded Sprayer Applications section of this label for additional specific use directions.

**Harvest Aid (WEED CONTROL)**
Apply AIM EC to defoliate and/or desiccate troublesome broadleaf weeds e.g. morningglories, pigweeds and velvetleaf that may be present at harvest. Apply up to 1.0 fl oz AIM EC per acre, but not to exceed maximum labeled rates. Refer to the MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE AIM EC USE RATE and the PREHARVEST INTERVAL Table (Table 2) for additional application information. If treatments of AIM EC have been made to the crop earlier, that volume must be considered in determining the maximum use rate as a harvest aid treatment.

Applications shall be made in spray volumes sufficient to provide complete coverage of foliage. Use a minimum of 15 gallons of finished soybean brine or for ground application and 5 gallons per acre for aerial application.

**Adjuvant Requirements — Harvest Aid**
A methylated seed oil (MSO) or crop oil concentrate (COC) is required. Use methylated seed oil, or crop oil, concentrate (COC) (petroleum or seed oil) at 1 to 2% v/v (1 to 2 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution). A high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4% v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at the rate of 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed.

Coverage is considered for satisfactory performance.

**PRECAUTIONS**
Do not use crop oil concentrates or methylated seed oils for broadcast applications on emerged sorghum. Leaf speckling can occur when AIM EC is used with certain formulations of crop protection products and adjuvants.

**SOYBEANS**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Methods and Timing</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preplant Burndown</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Up to 1.5 fl oz (0.023 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 1.5 fl oz (0.023 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postemergence</td>
<td>V10</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Up to 1.5 fl oz (0.023 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 1.5 fl oz (0.023 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harvest Aid</td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Up to 1.5 fl oz (0.023 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 1.5 fl oz (0.023 pound active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**
Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other herbicides to control emerged and actively growing weeds. Apply to soybeans in all tillage systems from prior to planting up to prior to sorghum growth. Do not apply AIM EC during a period from emergence to V2. After plants have reached V3, only post-directed and hooded sprayer applications are allowed up to V10.

For optimum performance, make application to actively growing weeds up to 4 inches tall and rosettes less than 3 inches across. Use the higher rates when treating more mature weeds or dense vegetative growth. Coverage is essential for good control. Refer to weed control list in Table 3 for appropriate weed control information.

For additional information on crop response, refer to the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of this label.

**Tank Mix**
AIM EC may be tankmixed with other herbicides to control weeds not listed on this label. Do not use with diphenylether herbicides. Read and follow all manufacturers’ label directions for the mixture herbicide except for specific directions given on this label. For specific mixing instructions, refer to the Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section. For control of additional broadleaf weeds and grasses, AIM EC may be tankmixed with glyphosate or glufosinate products for use on GMO soybeans. Leaf injury can occur when AIM EC is used with certain formulations of crop protection products and adjuvants. Refer to the Tank Mixtures and Required Adjuvants sections under PRODUCT INFORMATION.

**When used as directed AIM EC at 0.25 fl oz (0.004 pound active ingredient) per acre will provide:**
Control of listed weeds up to 4 inches tall.

**When used as directed, AIM EC at 0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) per acre will provide:**
Control of weeds up to 4 inches tall, or as specified.

**Lambquarters, common**
Nigthshade, black

**Morningglory, Pillar (up to 3 true leaves)**
Pigweed, redroot

**Morningglory, Nyleaf (up to 3 true leaves)**
Waterhempp, spp. (up to 3 inches tall)

**HOODED SPRAYER APPLICATION**
Apply AIM EC with hooded sprayers to control labeled weeds between the rows of the crop. Refer to the Hooded Sprayer Applications of this label for additional specific use directions.

**Directed Sprayer Application**
Use AIM EC at 0.5 to 1.5 fl oz (0.008 to 0.023 pound active ingredient) per acre. Applications shall be made by ground equipment using a finished volume of 10 to 20 gallons of spray per acre. When soybeans are grown under very dry soil moisture conditions, the use of a high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer (2 to 4% v/v) or 2 to 4 pounds per 100 gallon spray solution) used in addition to the nonionic surfactant is allowed. Apply as a post-directed treatment with spray directed toward the base of the plant and avoid contact with soybean foliage. The use of spray shields may reduce spray contact with soybean foliage. AIM EC herbicide contact with soybean foliage can result in significant crop response.

**Sugarcane:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Methods and Timing</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postemergence</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Up to 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 6.1 fl oz (0.096 pound active ingredient) per acre per season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hooded/directed</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to table 3</td>
<td>1.0 - 2.0 fl oz (0.016 - 0.031 pounds active ingredient) per acre</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 0.3 fl oz (0.005 pound active ingredient) per acre per season as a harvest aid treatment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**
Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other herbicides as a postemergence treatment or as a hooded/directed spray treatment to control emerged and actively growing weeds. Apply AIM EC up to 2.0 fl oz (0.031 pounds active ingredient) per acre. Hooded/directed applications of AIM EC to middles (between rows of plants) and in strips (in row of plants). Apply AIM EC at any time during the season (see precautions). AIM EC may be mixed with other herbicides that have pre-emergence or post-emergence activity. Any pre-emergence activity must rely on activity from other herbicides as directed on their labels. Herbicides such as glyphosate may be tank mixed with AIM EC for broader spectrum weed control. If AIM EC is used in a tank mixture, observe the other product’s label for restrictions, precautions and rotational cropping instructions.

**Harvest Aid Application**
AIM EC is effective as a harvest aid to defoliate and desiccate troublesome weeds that may be present at harvest. Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other sugarcane harvest aids.

**Adjuvant Requirements**
Control is enhanced with the addition of a nonionic surfactant (NIS) or crop oil concentrate (COC). Use a quality nonionic surfactant (NIS) containing at least 80% active at 0.25% v/v (2 pints NIS per 100 gallons) or a methylated seed oil concentrate (COC) at 1% v/v (one gallon COC per 100 gallons), or a methylated seed oil (MSO). The use of a high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4% v/v or ammonium sulfate (AMS) used at 2 to 4 pounds per acre in addition to the NIS, or MSO or COC is allowed.

**Crop Rotation**
After an application of AIM EC to sugarcane, you may only rotate the field to a carfentrazone-ethyl registered crop.
TEFF (Grain and Forage)

**Foliar Broadcast Application (Grain Teff Only)**

Applications shall be made in spray volumes sufficient to provide complete coverage of foliage. Use a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre for ground application and 5 gallons per acre for aerial application.

**Harvest Aid – Forage**

Leaf speckling can occur when AIM EC is used with certain formulations of crop protection products and adjuvants.

**Harvest Aid – Forage**

Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

**Harvest Aid – Forage**

Desiccate troublesome broadleaf weeds e.g. morningglories, pigweeds and velvetleaf.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method and Timing</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre Plant Burndown</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Refer to table 3.</td>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>Do not make foliar broadcast applications to forage teff or teff grown for seed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foliar Broadcast Application (Grain Teff Only)</td>
<td>Jointing Stage</td>
<td>Refer to Table 3</td>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 2.0 fl oz/acre.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directed or Shielded Spray Applications</td>
<td>Jointing Stage</td>
<td>Refer to Table 3</td>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>Do not apply more than 2.0 fl oz/acre.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

AIM EC may be applied to grain and forage teff as a pre plant burndown; a hooded or shielded spray; and a post directed spray. In addition to these applications methods, AIM EC may be applied to grain teff grown for grain but not for seed production, or as a hooded or shielded broadcast and harvest aid treatment. See Table 1 for Maximum Seasonal AIM EC Use and Table 3 for weeds controlled at labeled rates of AIM EC on teff.

**PRE PLANT BURNDOWN**

See instructions under Pre Plant Burndown section of this label.

**FOLIAR BROADCAST (Grain Teff Only)**

Apply to grain teff from 4 inches tall to just prior to the boot stage. AIM EC may be applied alone or as a tank mixture with other herbicides labeled for use on teff. Broadcast applications of AIM EC to teff with wet foliage or application during periods of adverse environmental conditions such as cool, cloudy, wet, or high humidity may cause increased crop response. Directed sprays are suggested under these conditions. For additional information on crop response, refer to the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of the AIM EC label.

**AIM EC USE RATES – FOLIAR GRAIN ONLY**

Do not exceed 0.5 fl oz (0.008 pound active ingredient) AIM EC per acre. See Table 3 for weeds controlled at 0.5 fl oz of AIM EC. Rates below 0.5 fl oz may not fully control weeds.

Adjuvant Requirements – Foliar Grain Only

For control of additional broadleaf weeds and grasses, AIM EC may be tank mixed with other products registered for use on teff. Refer to this and the other product’s label for mixing instructions, precautions, and restrictions. Follow the most restrictive instructions for each tank-mix partner.

Leaf speckling can occur when AIM EC is used with certain formulations of crop protection products and adjuvants.

**DIRECTED OR SHIELDED SPRAY APPLICATIONS**

Apply AIM EC when the teff is at least 4 inches tall prior to the boot stage. AIM EC must be applied alone, or as one mixture with other herbicides labeled for use on teff. Broadcast applications of AIM EC to teff with wet foliage or application during periods of adverse environmental conditions such as cool, cloudy, wet, or high humidity may cause increased crop response. Directed sprays are suggested under these conditions. For additional information on crop response, refer to the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of the AIM EC label.

**AIM EC USE RATES – DIRECTED OR SHIELDED SPRAY**

Do not exceed 1.0 fl oz AIM EC (0.016 pound active ingredient) per acre using directed or shielded sprayers.

**Adjuvant Requirements – DIRECTED OR SHIELDED SPRAY**

Use a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient. Do not use crop oil concentrates or methylated seed oils for broadcast applications on emerged teff.

**DIRECTED OR SHIELDED SPRAY APPLICATIONS**

Apply AIM EC when the teff is at least 4 inches tall prior to the boot stage. AIM EC must be applied alone, or as one mixture with other herbicides labeled for use on teff. Broadcast applications of AIM EC to teff with wet foliage or application during periods of adverse environmental conditions such as cool, cloudy, wet, or high humidity may cause increased crop response. Directed sprays are suggested under these conditions. For additional information on crop response, refer to the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of the AIM EC label.

**Tobacco**

**Postemerge Weed Control (pre-transplant, shielded/hooded spray, directed spray)**

Do not apply within 8 days of harvest.

**Tobacco**

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other registered herbicides to emerged and actively growing weeds. For optimum performance, make applications to weeds up to 4 inches tall and rosettes less than 3 inches across. Use higher rates when treating more mature weeds or dense vegetative growth.

**Coverage is essential for good control.**

**Adjuvant Requirements**

Use adequate spray volume to achieve thorough coverage, but a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre is required. Use a quality crop oil concentrate (COC) at 1% v/v (1 gallon of COC per 100 gallons of spray solution).

AIM EC may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use on tobacco to provide additional weed control. For specific mixing instructions, refer to the Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section. Refer to the other product label for restrictions on tank mixing and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational cropping restrictions.

**Additional information refers to the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of the AIM EC label.**

**Pre-transplant burndown**

AIM EC is a contact herbicide for pre-transplant burndown control of broadleaf weeds in tobacco. Apply AIM EC as a broadcast application alone or in combination with other herbicides to emerge and actively growing weeds. Apply AIM EC up to one (1) day prior to transplanting.

**Shielded spray or Hooded spray**

Apply AIM EC using shielded sprayers or hooded sprayers to emerged and actively growing broadleaf weeds in tobacco from transplanting until leafy. Shielded spray or hooded spray applications of AIM EC or AIM EC tank mixtures should utilize application equipment that must prevent contact of spray solution with the tobacco plant. Do not allow spray solution to contact tobacco foliage or green stem tissue. Refer to the Hooded Sprayer Applications section of this label for additional specific use directions.

**Directed spray after first priming (Flue Cured Tobacco Only)**

Apply AIM EC as a directed spray application after the first priming in only flue cured tobacco only for the control of emerged and actively growing broadleaf weeds. Directed spray equipment should position nozzles a minimum of 3 to 4 inches above the soil, with nozzles directed underneath the crop canopy. Spray solution should be directed at the base of tobacco plants for minimal contact with foliage while maintaining maximum contact with broadleaf weeds that are at appropriate treatment size. Do not apply when conditions favor drift or wind is above 10 mph.

**For control of additional broadleaf weeds and grasses, AIM EC may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use in tobacco at the appropriate rates.**

**Adjuvant control list in Table 3 for appropriate weed control information.**

**For the other product’s label for restrictions on tank mixing, and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational cropping restrictions.**

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**Harvest Aid – Forage**

Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

**Harvest Aid – Forage**

Desiccate troublesome broadleaf weeds e.g. morningglories, pigweeds and velvetleaf.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method and Timing</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postemerge Weed Control (pre-transplant, shielded/hooded spray, directed spray)</td>
<td>Refer to Table 3</td>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>Do not apply within 8 days of harvest.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Apply AIM EC alone or as a tank mixture with other registered herbicides to emerged and actively growing weeds. For optimum performance, make applications to weeds up to 4 inches tall and rosettes less than 3 inches across. Use higher rates when treating more mature weeds or dense vegetative growth.

**Coverage is essential for good control.**

**Adjuvant Requirements**

Use adequate spray volume to achieve thorough coverage, but a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre is required. Use a quality crop oil concentrate (COC) at 1% v/v (1 gallon of COC per 100 gallons of spray solution).

AIM EC may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use on tobacco to provide additional weed control. For specific mixing instructions, refer to the Mixing and Loading Instructions under the PRODUCT INFORMATION section. Refer to the other product label for restrictions on tank mixing and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational cropping restrictions.

**Additional information refers to the PRODUCT INFORMATION section of the AIM EC label.**

**Pre-transplant burndown**

AIM EC is a contact herbicide for pre-transplant burndown control of broadleaf weeds in tobacco. Apply AIM EC as a broadcast application alone or in combination with other herbicides to emerge and actively growing weeds. Apply AIM EC up to one (1) day prior to transplanting.

**Shielded spray or Hooded spray**

Apply AIM EC using shielded sprayers or hooded sprayers to emerged and actively growing broadleaf weeds in tobacco from transplanting until leafy. Shielded spray or hooded spray applications of AIM EC or AIM EC tank mixtures should utilize application equipment that must prevent contact of spray solution with the tobacco plant. Do not allow spray solution to contact tobacco foliage or green stem tissue. Refer to the Hooded Sprayer Applications section of this label for additional specific use directions.

**Directed spray after first priming (Flue Cured Tobacco Only)**

Apply AIM EC as a directed spray application after the first priming in only flue cured tobacco only for the control of emerged and actively growing broadleaf weeds. Directed spray equipment should position nozzles a minimum of 3 to 4 inches above the soil, with nozzles directed underneath the crop canopy. Spray solution should be directed at the base of tobacco plants for minimal contact with foliage while maintaining maximum contact with broadleaf weeds that are at appropriate treatment size. Do not apply when conditions favor drift or wind is above 10 mph.

**For control of additional broadleaf weeds and grasses, AIM EC may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use in tobacco at the appropriate rates.**

**Adjuvant control list in Table 3 for appropriate weed control information.**

**For the other product’s label for restrictions on tank mixing, and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational cropping restrictions.**
**TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (SUBGROUP 1C)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Methods and Timing</th>
<th>PHI</th>
<th>Target Weeds</th>
<th>Rates</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preplant Burndown</td>
<td>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Refer to table 3</td>
<td>Up to 2.0 fl oz AIM EC (0.031 pound active ingredient) per acre. Do not apply more than 11.6 fl oz or 0.181 pound active ingredient) per acre per crop season as a desiccant. Do not apply when conditions favor drift or wind is above 10 mph.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harvest Aid</td>
<td>Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Refer to table 3</td>
<td>3.2 to 5.8 fl oz (0.05 to 0.09 pound active ingredient) per acre. 2.0 – 5.8 oz with other registered potato desiccants.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Apply AIM EC alone or in a tank mix combination with other herbicides and insecticides as a fallow system treatment, as a preplant burndown treatment and/or as a harvest aid to desiccate potatoes and those susceptible weeds that may be present.

**Preplant Burndown**

Apply AIM EC alone or with other herbicides or liquid fertilizers as a burn-down treatment or suppress weeds. AIM EC is effective as a burn-down treatment for crops prior to new plantings. Do not exceed the applicable amount as listed for the specific crop in the MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE AIM EC USE in Table 1. For optimum performance, make applications to actively growing weeds up to 4 inches high or rosettes less than 3 inches across. Coverage is essential for good control. Optimum broad-spectrum control of annual and perennial weeds requires a tank mix with a labeled burndown herbicides such as glyphosate, glufosinate, parquat, 2,4-D, or dicamba.

**Harvest Aid**

Desiccation Application

Apply AIM EC foliar to potatoes in the later stages of senescence for desiccation of potato foliage and vines. AIM EC will also desiccate late season susceptible broadleaf weeds to aid in tuber harvest. Adequate desiccation is achieved within 14 days after the initial treatment is applied. If the potato crop is in the active vegetative growth stage when desiccation is initiated, two applications may be required to provide desiccation of leaf and stem tissue of the potato canopy, large plant size and environmental conditions not conducive to product absorption or activity will reduce initial application efficacy and increase the need for a second application. If a second application is necessary, apply at 7 to 14 days after the first application. Thorough coverage of the potato plant to be desiccated is essential. Use a sufficient volume of water to obtain thorough coverage of the potato leaves and vines.

**Ground Application**

Apply AIM EC in at least 20 gallons of water per acre. Variability in spray and spray pressure is indicated by the density of the potato canopy and vines to assure thorough spray coverage. Increased spray volume and pressure if the potato canopy is dense or under cool, cloudy or dry conditions. Increased spray volumes will enhance performance.

**Aerial Application**

Apply AIM EC with aerial equipment using 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre, using higher volumes when potato canopies and vines are dense. Adjust the nozzles to conform to the spray pattern and a droplet size of 350 to 450 microns.

**Adjuvant Requirements**

A nonionic surfactant (NIS), methylated seed oil (MSO), or crop oil concentrate (COC) or other suitable surfactant mixture is required. Use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) having at least 80% active ingredient, or a methylated seed oil, or crop oil concentrate (COC)/petroleum or seed oil) at 1 to 2 v/v (1 to 2 gallons per 100 gallons of spray solution. The use of a high quality sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 2 to 4% v/v (2 to 4 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) at a rate of 2 pounds per acre in addition to the nonionic surfactant methylated seed oil or crop oil is allowed. Adjuvant rates should increase as spray volumes exceed 20 gallons per acre.

**Tank Mixtures**

Apply AIM EC as a tank mix or as a sequential application with other potato desiccants. Refer to the other product’s label for restrictions on tank mixing, and observe all label precautions, instructions and rotational cropping restrictions.

**TERMS OF SALE OR USE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY**

**Terms of Sale and/or Use**

On purchase of this product buyer and user agree to the terms and conditions as follow.

**Packaging**

Distributors/Dealers/Retailers shall sell in original packages only.

**Warranty**

FMC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use section when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, FMC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT. Any warranties, express or implied, having been made are inapplicable if this product has been used contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonable foreseeable to (or beyond the control of seller or FMC), and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risk inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather conditions beyond the control of FMC and Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold FMC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

**Use of Product**

FMC’s recommendations for the use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice.

**DISCLAIMER**

FMC Corporation intends that AIM EC be distributed only to end users and/or growers (and/or applicators acting on the behalf of growers), who agree to the terms and conditions as stated herewith and further agree to a waiver and release from any and all liability by the user and/or grower of FMC for failure to perform and/or crop damage resulting from the use of AIM EC as recommended on the labeled crops under the those specific sections of this label. If such terms and conditions are unacceptable, FMC requests the return at once of all products in unopened original containers. FMC considers the user to have accepted such terms and conditions upon the use of AIM EC.

AIM EC, when used as directed, may result in crop injury, crop loss or crop damage. FMC recommends that the user and/or grower test AIM EC in order to determine its suitability for the intended use. FMC makes AIM EC available to the user and/or grower solely to the extent that the benefit and utility, in the sole opinion of the user and/or grower, outweigh the extent of potential injury associated with the use of AIM EC. The decision to use, or not to use, AIM EC must be made by each individual user and/or grower on the basis of possible crop injury from AIM EC herbicide, the severity of weed infestations, the cost of alternative weed control measures and other factors. Because of the risk of crop damage, all such use is at the user and/or grower’s risk.

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**LABEL TRACKING INFORMATION**

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