1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier on label: QUADRIS® OPTI
Product No.: A13666B
Use: Fungicide
Manufacturer: Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC
Post Office Box 18300
Greensboro NC 27419
Manufacturer Phone: 1-800-334-9481
Emergency Phone: 1-800-888-8372

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classifications:
Oral: Category 4
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1B
Carcinogenicity: Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Respiratory Irritation Category 3
Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1
Inhalation: Category 2

Signal Word (OSHA): Danger

Hazard Statements:
Harmful if swallowed
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Causes serious eye damage
Fatal if inhaled
May cause respiratory irritation
Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary Statements:
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. See Section 8 Exposure Control/Personal Protection.
Wear eye protection.
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a poison center, doctor or Syngenta.
Specific treatment is urgent (see Section 4 First Aid Measures).
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,2-Propanediol</td>
<td>Propylene Glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>Trade Secret</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other ingredients</td>
<td>Other ingredients</td>
<td>Trade Secret</td>
<td>49.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl (E)-2-{2-[6-(2-cyanophenoxy)pyrimidin-4-yloxy]phenyl}-3-methoxyacrylate</td>
<td>Aoxystrobin</td>
<td>131860-33-8</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetrachloroisophthalonitrile</td>
<td>Chlorothalonil</td>
<td>1897-45-6</td>
<td>46.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Ingestion: If swallowed: Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so after calling 800-888-8372 or by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye Contact: If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin Contact: If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Inhalation: If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call Syngenta (800-888-8372), a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Most important symptoms/effects:

- Eye irritation
- Allergic skin reaction
- Respiratory irritation

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

- There is no specific antidote if this product is ingested.
- Treat symptomatically.
- Persons suffering with temporary allergic skin reactions may respond to treatment with oral antihistamines and topical or oral steroids.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

- Use dry chemical, foam or CO2 extinguishing media. If water is used to fight fire, dike and collect runoff.

Specific Hazards:

- During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters:

- Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures:

- Follow exposure controls/personal protection outlined in Section 8.
- Control the spill at its source. Contain the spill to prevent from spreading or contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems or any body of water. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in Protective Equipment Section. Cover entire spill with absorbing material and place into compatible disposal container. Scrub area with hard water detergent (e.g. commercial products such as Tide, Joy, Spic and Span). Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place into compatible disposal container. Once all material is cleaned up and placed in a disposal container, seal container and arrange for disposition.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

- Store the material in a well-ventilated, secure area out of reach of children and domestic animals. Do not store food, beverages or tobacco products in the storage area. Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco use, and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

- Store locked up.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION AND PACKAGING OF THIS PRODUCT.

FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.

Occupational Exposure Limits:
Ingestion:
Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco usage and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Eye Contact:
Where eye contact is likely, use chemical splash goggles. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

Skin Contact:
Where contact is likely, wear chemical-resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride [PVC] or Viton), coveralls, socks and chemical-resistant footwear.

Inhalation:
A respirator is not normally required when handling this substance. Use effective engineering controls to comply with occupational exposure limits.

In case of emergency spills, use a NIOSH approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Light yellow to greyish yellow liquid

Odor: Not characteristic; weak

Odor Threshold: Not Available

pH: 6.0 - 8.0 (as is @ 68 - 77°F (20 - 25°C))

Melting point/freezing point: Not Applicable

Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not Available

Flash Point (Test Method): > 230°F

Flammable Limits (% in Air): Not Available

Flammability: Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: Azoxystrobin 8.25 x 10(-13) mmHg @ 68°F (20°C)

Chlorothalonil 0.00000057mmHg @ 77°F (25°C)

Vapor Density: Not Available

Relative Density: 1.28 - 1.32 g/ml; 10.85 lbs/gal (typical) @ 68°F (20°C)

Solubility (ies): Azoxystrobin 6 mg/l in water @ 68°F (20°C)

Chlorothalonil 0.81 mg/l @ 77°F (25°C)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not Available
QUADRIS® OPTI

Date: 6/22/2015
Replaces: 1/26/2015

Autoignition Temperature: > 650°F
Decomposition Temperature: Not Available
Viscosity: Not Available
Other: None

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal use and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: None known.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health effects information
Likely routes of exposure: Dermal, Inhalation
Symptoms of exposure: Eye irritation, Respiratory irritation
Delayed, immediate and chronic effects of exposure: Eye irritation, Allergic skin reaction, Respiratory irritation

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity/irritation studies (finished product))

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Value details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Oral (LD50 Rat) 1750 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(based on a substantially similar formulation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Dermal (LD50 Rat) &gt; 5000 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(based on a substantially similar formulation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Inhalation (LC50 Rat) &gt; 6.21 mg/l air - 4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(based on a substantially similar formulation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Contact</td>
<td>Moderately Irritating (Rabbit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(based on a substantially similar formulation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Contact</td>
<td>Non-Irritating (Rabbit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(based on a substantially similar formulation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Sensitization</td>
<td>Sensitizing (Guinea Pig)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reproductive/Developmental Effects

Azoxystrobin: Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments.
Chlorothalonil: Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments. Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Chronic/Subchronic Toxicity Studies

Azoxystrobin: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.
Studies on rats and mice have suggested that technical chlorothalonil (97%), when fed at high levels in the diet, may have oncogenic potential to these laboratory animals. However, neither chlorothalonil nor its metabolites interact with DNA and thus are not mutagenic. Tumor formation has been related to a non-genotoxic mechanism of action for which threshold levels have been established in rats and mice. Comprehensive dietary and worker exposure studies have shown exposure levels for humans to be well below these threshold levels. In addition, surveillance of chlorothalonil plant workers for over twenty years has not demonstrated any increase in oncogenic potential to humans.

May cause sensitization by skin contact. Exposure of the skin to chlorothalonil may result in weak contact dermatitis.

Other Toxicity Information

Studies on rats and mice have suggested that technical chlorothalonil (97%), when fed at high levels in the diet, may have oncogenic potential to these laboratory animals. However, neither chlorothalonil nor its metabolites interact with DNA and thus are not mutagenic. Tumor formation has been related to a non-genotoxic mechanism of action for which threshold levels have been established in rats and mice. Comprehensive dietary and worker exposure studies have shown exposure levels for humans to be well below these threshold levels. In addition, surveillance of chlorothalonil plant workers for over twenty years has not demonstrated any increase in oncogenic potential to humans.

May cause sensitization by skin contact. Exposure of the skin to chlorothalonil may result in weak contact dermatitis.

Toxicity of Other Components

Other ingredients
Not Applicable

Propylene Glycol
Reported to cause central nervous system depression (anesthesia, dizziness, confusion), headache and nausea. Also, eye irritation may occur with lacrimation but no residual discomfort or injury. Prolonged contact to skin may cause mild to moderate irritation and possible allergic reactions. Chronic dietary exposure caused kidney and liver injury in experimental animals.

Target Organs

Active Ingredients
Azoxyostrobin : Liver
Chlorothalonil: Lung, kidney

Inert Ingredients
Other ingredients: Not Applicable

Propylene Glycol: CNS, kidney, liver

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Eco-Acute Toxicity
Azoxyostrobin :
Fish (Rainbow Trout) 96-hour LC50 470 ppb
Green Algae 5-day EC50 106 ppb
Invertebrate (Water Flea) 48-hour EC50 259 ppb
Environmental Fate

Azoxyystrobin:
The information presented here is for the active ingredient, azoxystrobin.

Chlorothalonil:
The information presented here is for the active ingredient, chlorothalonil.
Low bioaccumulation potential. Not persistent in soil or water. Low mobility in soil. Sinks in water (after 24 h).

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal:
Do not reuse product containers. Dispose of product containers, waste containers, and residues according to local, state, and federal health and environmental regulations.

Characteristic Waste: Under certain circumstances, discarded product may exhibit TCLP hazardous characteristics. A hazardous waste determination should be done on a case by case basis.

Listed Waste: Not Applicable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Classification
Ground Transport - NAFTA
Not regulated

Comments
Water Transport - International
Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Azoxyystrobin, Chlorothalonil), Marine Pollutant
Hazard Class: Class 9
Identification Number: UN 3082
Packing Group: PG III

Air Transport
Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Azoxyystrobin, Chlorothalonil)
Hazard Class: Class 9
Identification Number: UN 3082
Packing Group: PG III
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Pesticide Registration:
This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

Warning: May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Causes moderate eye irritation. Do not breathe spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

EPA Registration Number(s):
100-1171

EPCRA SARA Title III Classification:
Section 311/312 Hazard Classes: Acute Health Hazard
Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: Chlorothalonil 46.0% (CAS No. 1897-45-6)

CERCLA/SARA 304 Reportable Quantity (RQ):
None

RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261):
Not Applicable

TSCA Status:
Exempt from TSCA, subject to FIFRA

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Ratings
Flammability: 1
Health: 2
Instability: 0

HMS Hazard Ratings
Flammability: 1
Health: 2
Reactivity: 0

Syngenta Hazard Category: C,S

For non-emergency questions about this product call:
1-800-334-9481

Original Issued Date: 8/18/2003
Revision Date: 6/22/2015
Section(s) Revised: 2, 4, 11

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein.