according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



AUTHORITY® SUPREME HERBICIDE

Version 1.3

Revision Date: 11/20/2024

SDS Number: 50000799

Date of last issue: 09/10/2018 Date of first issue: 09/10/2018

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

AUTHORITY® SUPREME HERBICIDE Product name

Other means of identification

Product code

50000799

Product Registration Num-

ber

32562

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use

Can be used as herbicide only.

Restrictions on use Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer FMC Corporation

2929 WALNUT ST

PHILADELPHIA PA 19104

USA

Phone (AgHotline): 1-833-FMC-PPAC (1-833-362-7722),

Web: https://ag.fmc.com/ca/en

SDS-Info@fmc.com

FMC of Canada Limited **Supplier Address**

6755 Mississauga Road, Suite 204

Mississauga, ON L5N 7Y2

Canada

Emergency telephone

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call: 1800 / 424-9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A.) 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International) 1 703 / 527-3887 (CHEMTREC - Alternate)

Medical emergency:

U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331-3148

All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : DANGER

Hazard Statements : H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep

at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonym	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Sulfentrazone		122836-35-5	20.66
Pyroxasulfone	Pyroxasulfone	447399-55-5	20.66
propane-1,2-diol	propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	>= 5 - < 10
sodium diiso- propylnaphthalenesul-	sodium diiso- propylnaphtha-	1322-93-6	>= 1 - < 5

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phonate	lenesulphonate		
toluene	Toluene	108-88-3	>= 1 - < 5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend-

ance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Harmful if inhaled.

delayed

Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing

Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water

streams.

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Chlorinated compounds

Fluorinated compounds

Sulfur oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

Further information Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained

breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Use personal protective equipment. If it can be safely done, stop the leak.

Do not touch or walk through the spilled material. Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

unauthorized personnel.

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

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Conditions for safe storage : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	TWA (Va- pour and aerosols)	50 ppm 155 mg/m3	CA ON OEL
		TWA (aero-sol)	10 mg/m3	CA ON OEL
toluene	108-88-3	TWA	50 ppm 188 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	20 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
toluene	108-88-3	Toluene	In blood	Prior to last shift of work-week	0.02 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
		Toluene	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	0.03 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally re-

quired.

Hand protection

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper in-

structions.

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. Wear suitable protective equipment.

In the context of professional plant protection use as recommended, the end user must refer to the label and the instruc-

tions for use.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : No data available

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 5.22 (22.7 °C)

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

No data available

Flash point : $> 100 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 10.1 lb/gal (19.6 °C)

1.21 g/cm3 (19.6 °C)

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : 5320 mm2/s (21.4 °C)

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid extreme temperatures.

Protect from frost, heat and sunlight.

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Incompatible materials : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,129 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.07 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 2,689 mg/kg

Symptoms: ataxia, clonic convulsions, Fatality

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 4.13 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: EPA OPP 81 - 3

Symptoms: ataxia, Breathing difficulties

GLP: yes

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: EPA OPP 81-2

GLP: yes

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin.

Pyroxasulfone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: no mortality

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.56 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Remarks: no mortality

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: no mortality

propane-1,2-diol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 22,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rabbit): 31.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

sodium diisopropylnaphthalenesulphonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

toluene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,580 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): 25.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

LC50 (Rat, female): 30 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : (Rabbit): 12,267 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : slight irritation

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No skin irritation
Method : EPA OPP 81-5
Result : No skin irritation

GLP : yes

Pyroxasulfone:

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

sodium diisopropylnaphthalenesulphonate:

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 431

Result : Corrosive after 4 hours or less of exposure

toluene:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild eye irritant

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation
Method : EPA OPP 81-4

GLP : yes

Pyroxasulfone:

Species : Rabbit Result : slight irritation

propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

sodium diisopropylnaphthalenesulphonate:

Species : Bovine cornea

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 437

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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toluene:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Assessment : Not a skin sensitizer.

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Pyroxasulfone:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

propane-1,2-diol:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

sodium diisopropylnaphthalenesulphonate:

Test Type : Direct Peptide Reactivity Assay (DPRA)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 442C
Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

toluene:

Test Type : Maximization Test Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse lymphoma assay Test system: mouse lymphoma cells Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Pyroxasulfone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

propane-1,2-diol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

sodium diisopropylnaphthalenesulphonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No data available

toluene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Species: Rat Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Mouse, male and female

Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 18 month(s)
Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Pyroxasulfone:

Species : Rat, male Exposure time : 2 Years

: 2.2 mg/kg bw/day

Result : positive Target Organs : Bladder

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rat

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Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertil-

ity, and/or on development, based on animal experiments

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Parent: NOEL: 13.7 - 16.2 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOEL: 13.7 - 16.2 mg/kg bw/day

Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 25 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: NOEL: 10 mg/kg bw/day

Method: EPA OPP 83-3

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL F1: 25 mg/kg bw/day

Symptoms: Skeletal malformations.

Target Organs: spleen Method: EPA OPP 83-3

Pyroxasulfone:

propane-1,2-diol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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toluene:

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation Result: Teratogenic effects.

Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

toluene:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Heart, Bladder) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May cause damage to organs (hematopoietic system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs (inner ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Target Organs : hematopoietic system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

Pyroxasulfone:

Target Organs : Nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Cardio-vascular system, Blad-

der

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

toluene:

Routes of exposure : Inhalation Target Organs : inner ear

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 19.9 mg/kg
LOAEL : 65.8 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral - feed
Exposure time : 90-days
GLP : yes

Target Organs : hematopoietic system

Species : Mouse, male NOAEL : 60 mg/kg LOAEL : 108.4 mg/kg Application Route : Oral - feed Exposure time : 90-days

Target Organs : hematopoietic system

Species : Dog, male
NOAEL : 10 mg/kg
LOAEL : 28 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral - feed
Exposure time : 90-days

Target Organs : hematopoietic system, Liver

propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 1,700 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 Years

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg LOAEL : 160 mg/kg Application Route : Inhalation Exposure time : 90 Days

sodium diisopropylnaphthalenesulphonate:

Remarks : No data available

toluene:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 625 mg/kg Application Route : Oral

Symptoms : central nervous system effects

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.098 mg/l
Application Route : Inhalation

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Test atmosphere : vapor

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 2.261 mg/l
Application Route : Inhalation
Test atmosphere : vapor

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

toluene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Neurological effects

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Neurotoxity observed in animals studies

Further information

Product:

Remarks : No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 120 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test Method: EPA OPP 72-1

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 93.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test Method: EPA OPP 72-1

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 60.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 14.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (algae): 32.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.031

mg/

Exposure time: 120 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.0288 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

EC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Diatom)): 0.042 mg/l

Exposure time: 120 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Fish): 5.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Crustaceans): 0.51 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,620 ppm

End point: Acute oral toxicity

NOEL (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): 3,160 ppm

End point: Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5,620 ppm

End point: Acute oral toxicity

NOEL (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 5,620 ppm

End point: Acute oral toxicity

NOEL (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 100 ppm

End point: Reproduction Test

NOEL (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 100 ppm

End point: Reproduction Test

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 25 μg/bee

End point: Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee

End point: Acute contact toxicity

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Pyroxasulfone:

Toxicity to fish LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 202 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LL50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 208 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LL50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 3.3

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 4.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (green algae): 0.000743 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.00043 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 997 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 d Remarks: Contact

LOEC (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): 60 mg/kg

End point: Reproduction Test

propane-1,2-diol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

(Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 18,800 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34,100

mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 13,020 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

sodium diisopropylnaphthalenesulphonate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 72 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

toluene:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Fish): 5.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50: 3.78 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus kisutch (coho salmon)): 1.4 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia sp.): 0.74 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (Bacteria): 134 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

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Stability in water : Degradation half life (DT50): 2.22 - 9.56 h

Photodegradation : Remarks: Decomposes rapidly in contact with light.

Pyroxasulfone:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

propane-1,2-diol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 23.6 % Exposure time: 64 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306

sodium diisopropylnaphthalenesulphonate:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: activated sludge, non-adapted

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 2 % Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

toluene:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

GLP: yes

Remarks: Low potential for bioaccumulation

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Pow: 9.8

pH: 7

Pyroxasulfone:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 2.39 (25 °C)

propane-1,2-diol:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: -1.07

octanol/water

sodium diisopropylnaphthalenesulphonate:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: > 2.6 (20 °C)

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octanol/water

toluene:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 90

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 2.73 (20 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

Sulfentrazone:

Mobility : Medium: Water

Remarks: Predicted distribution to environmental compart-

ments

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 43 ml/g, log Koc: 1.63

Remarks: Highly mobile in soils

Stability in soil : Remarks: Very persistent in soil.

Pyroxasulfone:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Adsorption/Soil

Koc: 57 - 114 ml/g, log Koc: > 1.75

Remarks: Highly mobile in soils

Stability in soil

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Pyroxasulfone, Sulfentrazone)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Pyroxasulfone, Sulfentrazone)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 964

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Pyroxasulfone, Sulfentrazone)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Pyroxasulfone, Sulfentrazone)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canadian PBT Chemicals : This product contains the following components on the DSL

that are classified as Persistent, Bioaccumulative and/or Toxic

(PBT) under CEPA:

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane [D4]

NPRI Components : toluene

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

Sulfentrazone

Pyroxasulfone

BENTONE EW

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

Canadian lists

No substances are subject to a Significant New Activity Notification.

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under

the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)
CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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End of Material Safety Data Sheet